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Victoria Daily Times.

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VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1893. No. 92.

Mantles,
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RECEIVED
THIS DAY AT
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J. Hutcheson & Co.

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NEW GOODS
JUST ARRIVED.

White Swiss Embroidered Muslins for Curtains.
Fine Cream Nets for Curtains. "Brussels Designs."
"Libertys"—Figured Crepe Cloths, for Drapery Work, etc.
Silks, Figured and Plain—Choice Colors and Designs.
Art Muslins in great variety, from 10c. per yard.
New Patterns in Union Art Squares.
Large Addition to Carpet Stock.

LADIES CALL AND SEE THESE NEW GOODS.

Show Rooms: 51 to 55 Fort Street.

I. X. L. COMPOUND

To Fruit Growers and Gardeners

Now is the time to spray your trees and destroy insect pests and have healthy fruit trees next season, by using

I. X. L. COMPOUND,

The cheapest and most effective Insecticide and Fungicide yet produced. For Sale by

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, VICTORIA, B. C.

We shall be pleased to give full explanation as to its use.
A full line of Spraying Outfits and Pruning Tools on hand.

TROUT LAKE CITY

WEST KOOTENAY, B.C.

THE ABOVE TOWNSITE IS NOW ON THE MARKET. It is situated on the North end of Trout Lake in the famous Lardeau Country, which is going to be one of the richest mining regions in America. Numerous rich claims have been found close to this Townsite, which will make it the distributing point for an immense tract of Country. It is the only level land on the North end of the Lake. The trail from Lardeau City, on Arrow Lake, to Kootenay Lake, runs through the Townsite. The owners intend to expend money on Streets and other improvements in the spring.

For the next 30 days Lots will be sold for $150 for corners, $100 for insides.

For further particulars apply to

H. G. ASHBY & CO., At the Head Office, Nelson, B. C.
HENRY CROFT, Victoria, B. C.

PURE FERTILIZER.

To Farmers, Gardeners and the Public:

THE B. C. ENTERPRISE MANUFACTURING Co.

Are prepared to fill orders in any quantity for **Pure Bone Fertilizer**, either **Crushed, Coarse, Ground, Meal or Flour.** Would also call attention to the fact that they have prepared a special **Lawn Fertilizer.** Ask your grocer for it. Sold in 2½, 5 and 10lb. packages.

For large quantities special prices. Apply

COR. BROAD & PANDORA STS. WORKS: CAREY ROAD.

ap15-d&w

A BULLET IN HIS HEAD

A Huntington Rancher Found Dead at His Door.

THE SUPPOSED WORK OF A TOUGH

Who Had Been Hospitably Treated By the Murdered Man.

Counsel Carter Asked by the Court to Explain Some of His Arguments—A Mexican Bandit on the Rampage—Hot-Blooded Southerners Still at War—Gutted By Fire.

Huntington, B. C., April 20.—John Marshall, a rancher living about one mile north of here, was shot dead about 5:30 this morning. Mr. Airheart found the body lying outside with his head resting on the door sill. The bullet entered above the right eye, apparently causing instant death. The house door was open, the lamp burning on the table, and the dishes on the table plainly showing that some person took supper with Marshall last night. A neighbor, Mr. Porter, saw Marshall alive at 5 p.m. yesterday.

So far there is no clue to who committed the murder, but this place and Sumas have been infested with toughs lately.

Marshall was about 40, a native of Portugal, and unmarried. He was honest, sober, industrious and respected by all. Marshall had the reputation of keeping money in the house, which may have been an inducement to commit the murder. The house inside was not disturbed, but an old purse was found lying beside the body.

AMALLA THE REBEL.

A Mexican Outlaw Conducts a Hurrah on San Tomaso.

El Paso, Tex., April 20.—News just received from Chihuahua, Mexico, says: Amalla, a fugitive from justice in New Mexico, recently returned to his native mountain and stirred up a large force of ignorant malcontents and outlaws, and, arming them, captured the town of Temaxuchie, near Guerrero, an important mining town. Little resistance was offered, but three men were wounded and the town sacked.

Amalla then went southward towards Tomachica, and had a skirmish with the Santa Anna garrison of 300 men, who surrendered and afterward joined him. The combined forces under the leadership of Amalla then marched on the town of San Tomaso and captured it without resistance. The rebel then took the town of Guerrerezo, which was garrisoned with volunteer troops, who surrendered without fighting.

At this point federal troops came up and the rebels fled to San Tomaso, pursued by the regulars. The federal troops were surprised at the latter place, and in the battle that ensued thirteen of their men were killed and many wounded. The rebels suffered very little, but the troops were completely routed. Several officers were among the killed. Reinforcements of the government troops arrived after the battle and will attempt to defend Guerrero. Great excitement prevails, and further fighting is soon expected. Business is at a standstill.

Fighting in South America.

Valparaiso, April 20.—Saugada has retaken San Juan Batista, which seems to assure possession of Uruguayana to the revolutionists in Rio Grande do Sul.

The advance guard of General Telles' Castilhistas army had a skirmish with the troops defending Uruguayana, under the belief that they were Federals. General Telles is also reported to have suffered serious losses in a fight which took place within Banda Oriental territory.

The Federals have captured San Francisco, a small town near Urugozota. Gen. Moura, the Brazilian minister of war, has arrived at the city of Rio Grande do Sul with reinforcements for the army which is operating against the revolutionists. Gen. Moura will at once proceed towards Puerta Alegre. He refuses to treat with the Federals and will demand their unconditional surrender.

A gunboat bombarded San Juan yesterday, but did very slight damage.

Gutted by Fire.

Worcester, Mass., April 20.—Fire broke out in the first story of the great tower of the Clinton Wire Cloth Company's works, at Clinton, opposite the railroad station, about nine o'clock this morning. The tower is in reality a building with considerable floor area, containing nine stories used for painting wire. The sparks were blown by a high westerly wind towards the business portion of the town, and help was summoned and came from adjoining towns. The flames spread to the eastern wing, four stories in height, occupied by the stock rooms. Thence the blaze extended into the west building containing the machine shop, also four stories high. These structures were all of brick. All were gutted and the loss is very large.

EMBARRASSING QUESTIONS.

The President of the Arbitration Court Interrogates Carter.

Paris, April 19.—Baron de Courcelles in reply to Mr. Carter's complaint, asked whether he wished to enter into consideration of the socialistic theory. After replying affirmatively, Mr. Carter quoted Proudhon's maxim, "property is robbery," and cited cases in which the rights of humanity had been enforced against private and national rights. For instance, he said, in 1840 Great Britain, with the approval of the world, had made war against China to compel the opening of the Chinese ports. If the countries growing Peruvian bark should declare their intention to destroy the plant the other countries of the world would be justified in interfering in the name of humanity's right to prevent such destruction. The right of power might include in most cases the right to destroy, but thousands of laws existed to preserve to humanity the use of the products of certain kinds of property. Why did Great Britain occupy Egypt to-day? What grounds had she for holding dominion over those poor Egyptians? Was it merely because they were impoverished and undefended? No, it was because Egypt was in the pathway to Great Britain's mighty commerce with the east. If the Egyptian government was not able to assure to Great Britain the safety of this pathway, Great Britain was justified in her interference.

Baron de Courcelles—"You seem to take a very high view of the subject. You anticipate the verdict of history."

Senator Morgan (to Mr. Carter)—"If this tribunal decide that the United States do not own the seals, ought the United States to repeal laws concerning seal life in Behring Sea?"

Mr. Carter—"I think not; but the every question is unimportant, as in the event of such a decision there would soon be no seals. Permission for pelagic sealing means the extermination of seal life."

Burning of a Brewery.

Detroit, April 20.—The Kling brewery, Jefferson avenue, was burned this afternoon. The plant was valued at $50,000, fully insured. The brewery was one of the largest in the Northwestern States.

Ray Lost His Suit.

New York, April 19.—Judge Prior, of the court of common pleas, dismissed the suit of Thomas Ray for recovery of $50,000 damages from Alber Cooper, Foxhall Keen's horse trainer, for injuries received at Morris Park track in 1891.

The U. P. Strike.

Omaha, Neb., April 20.—There is no change in the Union Pacific strike to-day. No new men went out and three of those out returned to work. The strikers predict, however, that their ranks will be joined by a large number of moulders, apprentices and gang bosses to-morrow.

ALARMING NEGLIGENCE.

Dr. Thomas' Objectionable Habit—Modest Visitors Miss a Free Lunch.

Vancouver, April 20.—The Amateur Opera Company was organized permanently last night and is preparing the comic opera "Iolanthe."

There is much complaint at the laxity of Dr. Thomas, medical health officer, in taking no care to prevent small-pox contagion being carried from the isolation hospital. From reports it appears that he has being going out and in from small-pox patients, taking no more precaution than he would from any others.

The bicycle club reorganized last night with A. A. Boak secretary-treasurer. Several meets will be held during the summer.

Col. Baker passed through the city to-day on his way to the Imperial Institute, London.

THE TORNADO'S FURY.

Awful Devastation Wrought by a Wind Storm in the South.

Meriden, Miss., April 20.—Passenngers on the train which reached here early this morning gave particulars of a frightful tornado that crossed Jasper and Clarke counties yesterday afternoon.

The cyclone originated in Jasper county, 35 miles south of here, and travelled in a northeasterly direction. The settlement, consisting of negro cabins, was destroyed and many unfortunates perished. Col. Berris' magnificent plantation was swept clean, but fortunately none of the family were injured. Several negroes were badly hurt. From this point to Barnet, 30 miles south of here, the storm was especially severe.

Dr. T. J. Krouse, one of the largest plantation owners in the south, was a heavy loser. Every stick of timber on his place was carried away, every house demolished and Dr. Krouse badly injured. His son has his skull crushed and his wife and daughter are slightly hurt.

A negro on Dr. Krouse's plantation, named Henry German, with a wife and nine children, are imprisoned under the ruins of their cabin, while fire from the overturned kitchen stove is slowly reaching the poor wretches. Other negro inmates of the cabins on the place are bruised badly.

Three miles east of Barnet the wind struck the neighborhood of Farmer Thompson's place. His dwelling was swept away, his legs broken, and several members of his family slightly bruised. John Smith's house was levelled, and he received serious injuries. Frank McCormick's turpentine still is ruined. B. F. Leggett's store is destroyed and his stock of merchandise is now hanging on the branches of the neighboring trees. A little further on three negro cabins were struck, two negroes killed and several badly wounded. Twenty miles east of Barnet the storm crossed the Memphis and Ohio railway track, tearing down three miles of telegraph poles and wires for a distance of five miles along the track of the New Orleans and North Eastern railway, down to the crossing of the Memphis and Ohio tracks.

North of Schuberta, the storm worked havoc among the negro cabins on different plantations. Reports of damage are coming in slowly, but such as are received indicate an awful loss of life and property all along the track of the hurricane. For thirty miles the cyclone's path is strewn with the carcasses of horses and cattle and all description of live stock, while all crops are ruined. The loss will reach hundreds of thousands of dollars.

Perished in the Storm.

Milwaukee, Wis., April 20.—Lake Michigan is being swept by one of the worst easterly gales experienced in years. The sea is running very high and tugs are unable to venture out of harbor. A vessel is ashore at the head of Juneau avenue. The worst feature of the gale at this port is the probable loss of twenty lives by the washing away of a house over the crib at the terminus of the new waterworks tunnel. No men are in sight, and it is believed they were swept away; but they may be in the air lock below.

Five or six men can be seen clinging to the machinery and timbers of the waterworks crib. The water is sweeping over them.

Snowstorms in Minnesota.

St. Paul, April 20.—A heavy snowfell last night and to-day in northwestern Minnesota and eastern North Dakota, and to-night extends all over these states. Fergus Falls, Minn., reports a fall of 10 inches and still falling, being the heaviest in four years. Five inches fell during the day at Montevideo. Osakis, Minn., reports one of the worst snowstorms of the season; 13 inches fell up to 7 o'clock to-night, when there were no signs of the storm abating. When the snow turns to rain there will be a heavy flood.

Recovering From Typhus.

Montreal, April 20.—Cook, the typhus patient, has so far recovered as to be able to leave his bed. He got up today for the first time and though still very weak is quite convalescent and will probably be able to leave the hospital next week.

Keep Up Your Credit.

By buying for cash at Russell and McDonald's.

NANAIMO LIBERALS

Discussing a Proposition to Oppose Mr. Haslam.

LARGE AND ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING

Mr. Marchant and Mr. Haslam Address the Electors.

The Definition of "Liberal-Conservative"—The Mayor is Not Much on Argument, Except That of a Tory Kind—Mr. Marchant Shows How Free Trade Would Benefit the Province.

Nanaimo, April 20.—The Liberal meeting in the opera house last night was very well attended. Dr. Walkem was voted to the chair, and explained that the meeting was called for the purpose of ascertaining what means could be brought to bear to bring out a candidate in the Liberal interest, which he went on to say had now become a necessity. He made excuses for the inability of Mr. Templeman and Senator McInnes to be present. He introduced Mr. Marchant, who was received with loud applause.

Mr. Marchant in opening his address paid a tribute of sympathy to the memory of the late Mr. D. W. Gordon. He would not say a word against the private character or life of Mayor Haslam, and if during his remarks he should say anything that might so be construed it would not be intentionally. He then took up the necessity of the laboring classes awakening to their duties in selecting a proper party to represent them. He said: "I notice by Mayor Haslam's card that he announces himself as a Liberal Conservative, whatever that may mean. In the old country we know what a Liberal means, and what a Conservative means, but a Liberal-Conservative seems to be somewhat of a mongrel breed." (Applause and laughter.) He went on to say that "no man can serve God and Mammon," which was the evident intention or idea of a Liberal-Conservative. He pointed out what such a member would be in duty bound to do if sent to Parliament, viz., to support the Government on all occasions. He dealt some hard raps to the Conservative party, and during the recital of certain facts connected with the recent corruptions he was repeatedly applauded. He spoke of economy and showed how the public funds were being used for purposes that were doing the province no good. Registration of voters should be made more workable and the lists revised every year, as by the present mode the half of the population were without a vote. He followed at length on free trade vs. protection and illustrated many instances where a protective tariff was prohibiting the development of the natural resources of the country. His audience appreciated his powerful and able discourse, and gave him a splendid hearing, which was only interrupted by applause or laughter as the speaker brought his arguments to bear.

Mayor Haslam was called upon, and on taking the platform said: "Gentlemen, I must confess I have not had the advantage of standing behind the pulpit. A great deal of gas, and but little of anything else, has been uttered by my worthy opponent. There were a great many of his remarks at the beginning of his discourse which could only to be compared to the language usually heard in the region of Billingsgate market. Mr. Marchant has told you that you must not send a supporter of the Government to Ottawa, but that you must vote against him through thick and thin, right or wrong. (Applause.) Have not the Liberals made some mistakes?" (Cries of "no," "yes.") He then took up point after point of the previous speaker and endeavored to show they were mere fallacies uttered by an enthusiast. He was repeatedly interrupted, but the chairman succeeded in obtaining order. At the close of Mr. Haslam's address he was besieged with questions from all parts of the house, and to some of them he had to admit he was unable to give an answer. While some few of the audience were calling out all kinds of questions he managed to leave the platform.

Mr. Marchant refuted neatly the contentions offered by Mayor Haslam, and so eager were the crowd to listen to him again that they stopped, when half way to the door, and waited for him to complete his remarks.

A vote of thanks to the chairman brought the meeting to a close.

Cubians in Mexico Ready.

City of Mexico, April 20.—It has been discovered that the Cubans in Mexico are thoroughly organized and ready when the signal is given to depart for Cuba and wage war against Spanish rule. The agitation of the revolutionary movement began in Mexico among the Cubans over a year ago. The number already engaged in the revolt is placed at 2,000 in Vera Cruz and this city. The vessels bearing the expedition will sail from a port near Vera Cruz, it is alleged, in a few days. There is an abundance of money behind the movement.

Wrestling With Death.

New York, April 20.—Mrs. Almira Russell Hancock is seriously ill at her home in this city. She is suffering from a complication of diseases, but with her splendid constitution has made a brave fight and it is hoped that she will safely pass through the crisis, which will come within the next 24 hours.

THE OREGON PACIFIC.

Progress is the Motto of the Bondholders of the Road.

Portland, Ore., April 20.—John P. Fay, attorney, of Seattle, arrived yesterday from New York, where he has been for the past two months in connection with the removal of Col. T. Egerton Hogg from the receivership of the Oregon Pacific. For the past two years Mr. Fay has represented the Smyth and Warton committees, who are holders of the bonds of the Oregon Pacific to the amount of about $6,500,000.

"The policy of the bondholders I represent," said Mr. Fay, "has been from the beginning and is now in favor of developing the railroad and the adjoining country as rapidly as it can be done on safe business principles. Among these bondholders are J. R. Blair, Jas. A. Blair, Joseph Wharton, Alexander Brown, Lindley Smyth, Geo. Deb Keim and Sylvester Kneeland. From the very beginning they have advocated reorganization of the road and the completion of the line to Boise City as rapidly as the business of the country would warrant, and have earnestly advocated every improvement which would lead towards encouraging settlements, cultivation and the opening of fields and tracts in Oregon which the road now enters, and which in time as it is completed open other tracts equally as fertile as those covered by the portion of the road now in operation. If the road continues to show during the next 50 days equally good results, we may fairy expect tsat work will soon be commenced for completion of the line."

Mr. Fay left last evening for San Francisco on legal business in connection with the road.

Red River Rapidly Rising.

Grand Forks, N. D., April 20.—The Red river is on the rampage here and has been rising at the rate of six inches an hour to-day. It is now 29 feet above low water mark and rapidly rising. It is believed the high water mark of 1882 will be reached to-morrow. Many families living on the low banks of the river have been flooded out, but no other damage is reported.

GENERAL DISPATCHES.

News in Brief From Various Parts of the World.

Omaha, Neb., April 20.—C. W. Mosher, the president of the wrecked Capitol National bank of Lincoln, Neb., was brought to Omaha this morning under arrest, and his friends are now hustling around trying to secure his release on bonds.

Topeka, April 20.—The threatened spread of the strike of the Santa Fe men subsided and there is no longer any reason to believe that any of the remaining five organizations on the system will join the strikers. The committee appointed by the engineers, firemen, conductors and brakemen to interview the railway officials in regard to the report that the company had abrogated all contracts with labor unions, reported that the rumor was unfounded and that the men had no cause for walking out.

Cheboygan, Mich., April 20.—The schooner Horace H. Badger, which left here on the 10th inst. for Drummond island with 300 Italian laborers on board, was, at the last accounts, fast in the ice at the foot of Lake Huron. It is feared that the Italians have run short of provisions, although no word has come from the schooner in several days.

Lansing, Mich., April 20.—Millionaire Barns, who yesterday did not owe a dollar in the world, is to-day likely to be a ruined man. The embarrassments of the Lansing iron and engine works and the Lansing Lumber Co. have caused him to pay obligations aggregating $15,000 and to pledge the remainder of his fortune for the payment of further liabilities, exceeding over $700,000. He did this to save the credit and business honor of his son, F. O. Barnes. Excitement over the failure continues, but the run on the bank to-day will be light.

Peoria, April 20.—The affairs of the whiskey trust continue to be a fruitful theme of discussion, for it is common talk that the company is hard pressed financially. J. H. Francis, manager of the Monarch, stated that he considered it an unfortunate circumstance for the company to be compelled to reduce prices to meet new competition at the time when it greatly needed money. He further thought that unless the company takes hold of the distribution business at once it will make a serious mistake.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

LAWN TENNIS.

NEW PAVILION.

At an enthusiastic meeting of the Victoria Lawn Tennis Club held yesterday afternoon, it was decided to construct a pavilion on the plans drawn by Mr. W. R. Wilson. The pavilion will cost about $500.

LACROSSE.

CLUB DELEGATES.

Messrs. T. H. Allice, J. Drury, W. G. McKenzie, W. H. Cullin and Dr. W. J. Quinlan, will represent the Victoria Lacrosse Club on the general celebration committee.

THE RIFLE.

COUNCIL MEETING.

A meeting of the council of the Provincial Rifle Association was held yesterday afternoon, there being present:—Lieut.-Col. Wolfenden, president; Hon. Senator McInnes, vice-president; Capt. W. H. Dorman, treasurer; Capt. E. H. Fletcher, secretary; Capt. W. J. Quinlan, Lieut. B. Williams, G. H. Morkill and J. D. Taylor.

Letters were received from the Lieut.-Governor, Premier Davie, Hon. J. H. Turner, and the Mayors of Victoria, Westminster and Nanaimo, accepting the office of patrons.

Col. Prior wrote stating that he had endeavored to secure favorable railway rates for the Ottawa team, and that the Dominion Rifle Association was ready to extend some assistance if necessary.

The secretary was authorized to convey the association's thanks to the Provincial Government for their grant of $800.

Lieut. Williams reported that $200 had been expended in improvements to the Goldstream range. The Department of Militia will be asked for a grant to the amount of $200 in accordance with the practice of the department respecting provincial ranges.

The matches are to be held on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, July 20th, 21st and 22nd. A committee has been appointed to draw up a prize list. It is probable that a few of the places on the Ottawa team will be left open to civilians.

The council of Victoria will be asked to make a donation for a cup, the one offered having been finally won.

Lieut.-Col. Wolfenden, Senator McInnes, Capt. Quinlan, Lieut. Williams and Mr. Taylor were appointed representatives of the association on the Queen's birthday celebration committee. An endeavor will be made to have intercity matches during the celebration.

The secretary was authorized to procure designs and estimates of cots for suitable badges and medals for presentation as aggregate prizes.

J. M. Kellie, M. P.P. for West Kootenay, returned from the Sound yesterday. He will probably leave for home this evening.

H. Carmichael, government analyst, left for England this morning.

R. E. Moody and wife of Port Townsend are in the city.

Wall paper and room mouldings at Mellor's, Fort street, above Douglas.

Wall Paper, Plate Glass, Paints, Etc. ★ ★ ★

J. W. MELLOR, 76 & 78 Fort Street, Above Douglas.

FROM THE MINING COUNTRY.

New Towns, Fresh Discoveries, An Era of Wonderful Progress.

BOARD OF TRADE AT NELSON, B. C.

Grading Contract Let on the Nelson and Fort Sheppard—Rumor That the C. P. R. Will Build to Slocan—Sale of Several Town Sites.

(The Nelson Tribune.)

Eight men are at work on the Slocan Star, one of the best showings for a big mine in Slocan district.

John W. Livers, of Wallace, Idaho, has purchased the drug store and fixtures of H. F. Horrocks and Co., at Kaslo.

The Freddie Lee Mining Company (foreign) is registered to do business in British Columbia. The capital stock is $500,000, divided into shares of the par value of $1. The place of business of the company is at Kaslo.

More than a hundred claims have been recorded in the area drained by the creek which flows into Slocan lake at Four Mile City. Many of these claims promise well, and several of them are already believed to be mines.

About 300 people a week are arriving at Nelson and Kaslo, the latter place getting 85 per cent. of them. The Bonner's Ferry route is the favorite, owing to better time being made by way of it from Spokane than by way of Northport.

Nelson has the boss sportsman of the whole Kootenay lake country in the person of Jasper Phair. One day last week he caught 363 trout in Cottonwood lake and one day this week he downed three wild geese at one long-range off-hand shot.

The owners of the townsite of Lardo are jubilant over the finding of a well-defined ledge, carrying good-looking galena, within the limits of the townsite. G. B. Nagle made the discovery and staked the first claim. H. Selous has an extension, for which, it is reported, he has already refused a cash offer of $1000.

"Jap" King has sold the eastern extension of the Mountain Chief to J. M. Burke for $5000. W. H. Smith has sold the western extension of the same claim, a fraction, however, for Spokane real estate. The Mountain Chief is on the south side of Carpenter Creek, about three miles from New Denver, and is under bond to George W. Hughes.

The rumor that a railway will be built from Nakusp to the head of the lake this summer is not generally believed; but if the road is built, it can only have the effect of giving a great impetus to the development of mines in Slocan district that are so located that their output must be shipped by a route other than the one by way of Kaslo.

The Kaslo road to the Slocan mines is still so that stage and freight teams make regular trips. Although the money contributed by the citizens to keep the road in repair will not last more than three weeks longer, George W. Hughes, the freighter, has assurances that he will not lose anything if he keeps section gangs at work until the Government money is available.

The bond given to Patsey Clark by the owner of the Josie and Number One, two Trail Creek claims, has been taken up by Mr. Clark. The price is said to be $12,000, 10 per cent. cash. Assays from samples of ore taken from the Josie gave a return of $107 in gold.

Two new townsites have been or will be placed on the market within a month, both in the Lardo country. Selkirk is the name of one and Dawson the name of the other. Selkirk is situate at the south end of Trout Lake, and is owned by Green Brothers of Kaslo. Dawson is situate on Lardo river at the mouth of Healey Creek, and it is owned by the Columbia and Kootenay railway company.

Wilson Hill came down from the head of Slocan lake on Wednesday. He reports Hill Brothers and Company's sawmill running, and that the demand for lumber would be large if only the townsite muddle at New Denver was settled.

Camp life has commenced around Kaslo. Scores of tents are set up on the outskirts of town and in the several coves across the bay. Many prospectors and others are on hand awaiting the time to go into the hills.

(The Miner.)

The addition to the New Denver townsite held by George A. Bigelow, has been sold to W. D. Middough on behalf of his syndicate for $10,000. Five thousand dollars was paid in cash and the balance is to be paid within thirty days.

There was quite a flurry in real estate circles in Nelson this week caused by the purchase of the townsite of Four Mile City en bloc, the purchaser, it is said, being W. D. Middough, who is in that city in the interests of eastern Minnesota and Illinois capitalists. The purchase price has been given out as $18,000.

The grading contract on the Nelson and Fort Sheppard railway has been awarded to Peter Larsen, who is reputed to have made a fortune at railroading. He has been engaged in construction work on the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern, and held a contract under James Ross between Calgary and Revelstoke.

British Columbia has some men of the right stamp in the right place, and one of these is H. D. Hume, conductor of the dining car Claremont on the Canadian Pacific railway. While at breakfast on a car a correspondent's attention was directed to a little group of travellers who were standing around a glass case in the car and handling specimens of ore. On enquiry it was found that on his own responsibility Mr. Hume had collected specimens of ore from Kootenay and put them where they could be seen by the passengers who are constantly passing through his car.

The certificate of incorporation of the South Kootenay Board of Trade has been received at Nelson. The charter members are: W. N. Rolfe, R. E. Lemon, Grange V. Holt, George A. Bigelow, James McDonald, C. Hamber, Charles VanNess, H. S. Sweet, Fred J. Squire, J. A. Gilker, W. J. Wilson, W. F. Teetzel, John Ayton Gibson, T. A. Mills, A. H. Buchanan, J. W. Tolson, C. E. Perry, F. J. Farley, George Stephenson, T. A. Garland per A. D. Aikenhead, Edward Applewhaite, Geo. W. Richardson, George C. Hunt, J. A. Turner, J. Fred Hume, James Smart, J. W. Jowett, Wm. Perdue, John Houston and David Bogle. The following officers were elected:—R. E. Lemon, president; J. Fred Hume, vice-president; G. A. Bigelow, secretary-treasurer; A. H. Buchanan, Charles VanNess, W. F. Teetzel, G. V. Holt, T. E. B. Turner, G. C. Hunt, F. J. Squires and J. A. Gilker, members of the council.

When the trail was being built from Lardo to the head of the lake a large ledge of quartz was uncovered at the foot of the big bluff within five minutes' walk of the hotel. No attention was paid to it at the time by the workmen. But a few days ago T. J. Davies went groping around with a pick and found a small seam where galena and antimonial silver were mixed up with the rock. He immediately staked a claim along the lake shore, more with a view to preserving the water front for the use of J. Sucksmith's saw mill from any other locator, than because he thought there was much in the find. On Sunday last Harry Selous, who was paying a visit to the head of the lake, staked off a claim up the hill. And in the afternoon of the same day G. B. Nagle and some others were prospecting along the ledge and they struck a streak of solid ore about six inches in width, which was only about ten feet away from the original find. The abandoned tunnel, some 30 feet deep, demonstrates the fact that it is not the first time the hill has been prospected for mineral.

In getting up the list of the Nelson property-holders favorable to the scheme of incorporation the citizens handling the work were led to believe that they would be required to have a majority of the owners of realty as indicated in the registry office, but when they had completed their labors, as they thought, it was found that they would have to have a majority (in value) of the registered holders as shown on the assessment list of 1892. This will necessitate a revision of their work to some extent. While in Victoria R. E. Lemon interviewed Col. Baker, the provincial secretary, relative to the matter of incorporation, and received from him assurances that the Government would not in any way attempt to hinder the consummation of the citizens' wishes in this respect. "But you should make up your minds before you move in this matter," cautioned Col. Baker, "that Nelson is a young city and will require considerable expenditure for some years to come. You must make up your minds that you are able to walk alone before you sever yourselves from the Government's apron strings. Several places recently incorporated have come to the Government soliciting help, but they were told by the Government, 'We do not know you.' It will be too late to change your minds in Nelson after incorporation."

A Present for the Czar.

Berlin, April 19.—The Russian czar, now at the Livadia Palace in the Crimea, is said to have found an exquisitely painted egg on his table on Easter morning. It contained a very small ivory dagger, two ivory death heads and a slip of paper bearing the words, "Christ has risen, we also shall rise again." The egg must have been placed on the table by one of the Czar's household, as nobody else had access to the room in which it was found.

Fear the Anarchists.

Rome, April 19.—Archduke Rainer, of Austria, arrived here this afternoon and dined at the Quirinal this evening. As rumors of a plot to assassinate him, or King Humbert, or the German Emperor, are circulated persistently, many Austrian and Italian detectives are watching the palace and the Austrian embassy and the route between them. More than 350 Socialists and Anarchists have been arrested since Sunday. All will be detained until the close of the fetes. The Radical and Socialistic newspapers are protesting strongly against the summary measures adopted by the police.

Slave Traders Beaten.

Brussels, April 19.—Advices from Bomba state that Commander d'Hanis won another important victory over the Arab slave traders in the Congo state on January 9th. Chief Maharra was among the killed.

Under Strong Pressure.

Paris, April 19.—It is reported that the Belgian deputies were moved to accept the Nyssen proposals by King Leopold's threat to dissolve the chamber. Both the Pope and Mr. Gladstone urged the King to take this position.

Wilhelm and Leo.

Berlin, April 19.—It is officially stated that the German Emperor will visit the Pope on April 23rd.

The English Shipping Troubles.

London, April 19.—The executive committee of the Shipping Federation met at York to-day, instead of London, to consider the terms of compromise proposed by the Right Hon. A. J. Mundella, president of the Board of Trade, and his associates. The executive committee, after discussion, agreed upon the following terms as finally amended: The members of the unions were to work together with the free laborers, employers to be at liberty to engage any suitable person, whether a union man or free laborer. Foremen and shipping clerks were to sever their connection with the Dockers' Union, on condition of being allowed freedom to join their own unions; the Laborers' Exchange at Hull to remain open, absolute freedom of contract being maintained there.

Test of the Maxim Flying Machine.

This machine, on which nearly half a million of dollars has been expended, has had a preliminary test, which is described in the London Engineer of March 17. The engine and boiler propelling the machine are 300 horse-power. During the test it was on a railway track 1,800 feet long erected for the purpose. The machine was anchored at the end of the track. When a pressure of 1,000 pounds was registered it was let go, the weight of the machine being 6,000 pounds above the track wheels. At half the power of the engine, although loaded with 500 pounds extra weight, it raised from the track after it had travelled 800 feet, and getting off the rails it brought the experiment for that day to an end. Mr. Maxim states that he has by this experiment proved the possibility of mechanical flight with a large margin of lifting power to carry heavy weights. He states that if he had an open prairie to experiment upon he could complete the machine within a year. Being one of the best practical and theoretical mechanical engineers, his opinions carry considerable weight with those interested.

For fine ball programmes, invitation, wedding and visiting cards, and all kinds of commercial work, maps, checks, billheads, letter and noteheads, color labels, etc., etc., go to the Victoria Lithograph Co., corner Yates and Government streets, up stairs; entrance on Yates street. Orders taken at the Times office.

Garden tools at McLenan & McFeely's.

INSTINCT OF LOCALITY.

Man Possesses It in Common With the Lower Animals.

A cat carried 100 miles in a basket, a dog taken, perhaps, 500 miles by rail, in a few days may have found their way back to the starting point. So we have often been told, and no doubt the thing has happened. We have been astonished at the wonderful intelligence displayed. Magic, I should call it.

Last week I heard of a captain who sailed from Aberdeen to Arbroath. He left behind him a dog which according to the story had never been in Arbroath, but when he arrived there the dog was waiting on the quay. I expected to believe that the dog had known his master's destination, and had been able to inquire the way overland to Arbroath. Truly marvelous. But really it is time to inquire more carefully as to what these stories do mean; we must cease to ascribe our intelligence to the animals, and learn that it is we who possess their instinct.

To find our way a second time over ground we have once trod is scarcely intelligence; we can only call it instinct, though the word does not in the least explain the process. Two years ago I visited Douglas in the Isle of Man. I reached the station at 11 p.m. I was guided to a house a mile through the town. I scarcely paid any attention to the route, yet next morning I found my way by the same route to the station, walking with my head bent, deeply thinking all the time about other things than the way. I have the instinct of locality.

A cat on a farm will wander many miles in search of prey and will, therefore, be well acquainted with the country for miles away. Again it wanders and comes across a bit of country it knew before. What more natural than that it should go to its old home? Carrier pigeons are taught "homing" by taking them gradually longer flights from home, so that they may learn the look of the country. We cannot always discover that a dog actually was acquainted with the route by which it wanders home, but it is quite absurd to imagine, as most people at once do, that it was a perfect stranger to the lay of the land.

Most people going into a dark room that they know are by muscular sense guided exactly to the very spot that they wish; so people who have the instinct of locality may wander over a moor exactly to the place they wish to reach, without thinking of where they go. There may be no mental exercise connected with this. I have known a lady of great intelligence who would lose her way within half a mile of the house she had lived in 40 years. This feelings about place belongs to that part of us we have in common with the lower creatures. We need not postulate that the animals ever show signs of possessing our intelligence. They possess in common with us what is not intelligence, but instinct.—London Spectator.

A COW'S SKULL TREPANNED.

Delicate Surgical Operation Performed on a Dumb Beast.

On a large stock farm in this county, says a Lexington, Ky., special, is a cow bearing on her forehead a metal disc with the following inscription thereon: "Rosa Belle, 1889." The fact is that the animal's skull is trepanned. This was done in the year mentioned, when a stray bullet, fired by some hunter, found its way into the pasture where Rosa Belle was grazing, and, striking her in the forehead, broke the bone, penetrating one-sixteenth of an inch into the brain. The cow was found lying on the ground by her owner, who was much puzzled by her subsequent strange behavior, not seeing the wound. The animal seemed to have lost all recollection of the way home, and had to be beaten and coaxed to enter the milking pen, and once there she refused to allow anyone to approach her, running with lowered head at the woman who usually milked her.

She also refused to allow her month-old calf to touch her, pushing it away with her horns. For days she moped, taking no food and displaying an ugly temper, often attacking the other cattle without provocation, and being completely altered from the gentle creature she had been. A veterinary surgeon who was called discovered the broken place in her skull, and, administering ether, succeeded in taking out the bullet. It was thought that this would restore her, but she continued savage and unapproachable, and at last the veterinarian declared that only the operation of trepanning would save the cow, and, though he declined to do it himself, recommended that a regular physician be sent for.

As the cow was of fine imported stock the owner acted on this advice, and Dr. Sloane, of this place, was sent for, and, for a substantial fee as a salve for his wounded professional pride, raised the broken skull from the brain on which it rested, and inserted the plate spoken of in place of the removed fragment. Rosa Belle recovered at once, and is to-day as healthy and good-humored an animal as the farm contains.

Nickle Steel.

A Washington telegram states that nickel steel forgings for an experimental 8-inch breech-loading rifle have arrived at the naval gun foundry there, and the manufacture of the gun will begin at once. Great interest will attend the construction and subsequent experiments with this gun. "Nickel steel has never been used in the manufacture of guns, and it is thought the non-corrodible quality of the alloy, coupled with other physical characteristics, such as increased elasticity and extraordinary elongation, render it specially adapted for guns subjected to high pressures with nitro-powders. The forgings for this particular gun have 3.15 per cent. of nickel. The gun will be 304 1-2 inches long and will weigh 31,300 pounds. The minimum physical characteristics of the gun will be, for the tube, tensile strength, 90,000 pounds; elastic limit, 42,000 pounds; elongation, 20 per cent. The gun will be of special design. It will be composed of only three parts—a tube, jacket and hoop—and will be assembled by means proposed by William Sellers of Philadelphia. It is claimed for this class of guns that they can be dismounted after considerable service, the corroded or damaged tube readily removed and a new tube substituted, the old jacket and hoop being used on the new tube. Should the experiment be found a practical success, not only will the original cost of the gun be considerably reduced, but it will be possible after extensive use to make virtually a new gun by merely supplying a new tube, the wear and tear on the jacket and hoop being of no particular account in firing. Mr. Sellers contends that the jacket and hoop can readily be removed by a process of artificial contraction and expansion similar to that recently applied to the 13-inch gun."

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itchin and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail, for 50 cen's. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. ts&w

If you only knew how nice it is--Tamilkande Tea.

Garden hose at McLennan & McFeely's.

AIDS TO CHEERFULNESS.

A Lot of Little Laughter For All Kinds of People.

All the average theater-goer asks for is a fair show.—Troy Press.

If time were money, the tramp would be rolling in wealth.—Texas Siftings.

If a great lawyer is a legal light, is a great electrician an electric light?—Life.

It appears to us that these meetings between debtors and creditors are largely over dun.—Binghamton Leader.

Snooper—"I'd have you know I come of a good family." Ricketts—"You must have traveled a long distance."—Vogue.

He—"What makes you think this is the milk train?" She—"Because it has stopped so often for water."—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Dingle—"By George, I just got out of a bad scrape!" Dangle—"Attacked by a hoodlum?" "No, by a barber."—Troy Press.

"You must have perseverance," said the young physician's friend. "No," was the reply, "what I want is patients."—Washington Star.

She—"Maude? Oh, she's one of the friends of my youth." He—"I didn't take her to be as old as that."—Kate Field's Washington.

"Gentlemen," said the captured train robber, "I acknowledge I am in the wrong, but I am not entirely to blame. My father was a car porter."—Vogue.

Hicks—"What do you think? Will it be a match?" Wicks—"It ought to be. He is a regular stick and she's all fire and brimstone."—Boston Transcript.

Jasper—"Is intoxication always followed by a swelled head?" Jumpuppe—"Yes, even when a man has been intoxicated by success."—New York Herald.

Mrs. Byer—"Those are nice looking eggs. Grocer (enthusiastically)—"Yes, indeed; they're birds!" And then he wondered why she didn't buy any.—Troy Press.

"Poor Jack! he never could spell, and it ruined him." "How?" "He wrote a verse to an heiress he was in love with, and he wrote boney for bonny."—Harper's Bazar.

"Poor Jimson; he's housekeeping and he tells me he has an awful time with his cook." "Why doesn't he discharge her?" "Can't; you see he married her!"—Chicago Record.

Young man—"I wish your opinion, sir, as to whether your daughter would make me a good wife?" Lawyer—"No, sir. She would not. Five dollars, please."—Boston Bulletin.

"Was there any special bit of acting that struck you as being particularly fine last night?" "Yes; it was the lady who sat in front of me taking off her hat."—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

"Tom," she whispered, nestling on his shoulder, "have you found your ideal?" "Well, if I haven't," was his guarded answer, "I've found a mighty good substitute."—Judge.

"Where's your wife?" "Gone hunting." "Gone hunting! Isn't that rather masculine sport?" "No it isn't sport at all. She's gone hunting for a house."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

McCarthy—"Old Brown declares you are the most entertaining talker in the club. What do you usually talk about in his company?" McCormick—"Old Brown."—Brooklyn Life.

She—"Do humorists ever make jokes at their own expense?" Humorist—"The first few thousand are at their own expense, after that they get paid for them or give it up."—Truth.

"You say your daughter plays by ear?" said the minister. "Yes," replied the mother proudly. "Excuse me—but—er—is your daughter at all hard of hearing?"—Washington Star.

Mr. S. G. Derry

Of Providence, R. I.,

Widely known as proprietor of Derry's Waterproof Harness Oil, tells below of his terrible sufferings from Eczema and his cure by

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

"Gentlemen: Fifteen years ago I had an attack of inflammatory rheumatism, which was followed by eczema or salt rheum, breaking out on my right leg. The humor spread all over my legs, back and arms,

A Foul Mass of Sores,

swollen and itching terribly, causing intense pain if the skin was broken by scratching, and discharging constantly. It is impossible to describe my suffering in those years of agony and torture. I spent

Thousands of Dollars

in futile efforts to get well, and was discouraged and ready to die. At this time I was unable to lie down in bed, had to sit up all the time, and was unable to walk without crutches. I had to hold my arms away from my body, and had to have my arms, back and legs bandaged by my faithful wife twice a day.

"Finally a friend who was visiting at our house, urged me to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I began by taking half a teespoonful. My

Stomach Was All Out of Order

But the medicine soon corrected this, and in six weeks I could see a change in the condition of the humor which nearly covered my body. It was driven to the surface by the Sarsaparilla, the sores soon healed, and the scales fell off. I was soon able to give up bandages and crutches, and a happy man I was. I had been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for seven months; and since that time, nearly two years, I have worn no bandages whatever and my legs and arms are sound and well.

The Delight

of myself and wife at my recovery it is impossible to tell. To all my business friends in Boston and over my country, I recommend

Hood's Sarsaparilla

from personal experience." S. G. DERRY, 45 Bradford street, Providence, R. I.

If you are Bilious, take Hood's Pills.

GILLETT'S PURE POWDERED 100% LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds Sal Soda.

Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto

Currie's Edinburgh Waterproof Coats.

Wear better, last longer and give greater satisfaction than any of the chemically prepared cloths, lately forced upon the market and called waterproof. The men of Great Britain know a good thing. They have been wearing these coats for nearly 30 years, and are still wearing them.

All good dealers sell them. 1-ws

MEDICAL.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TEST—Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by Ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO. Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. June10-ly

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PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a Physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH

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A Medical Work that Tells the Causes, Describes the Effects, Points the Remedy.

Scientifically the most valuable, artistically the most beautiful medical book ever published; 96 pages, every page bearing a half-tone illustration in tints. Subjects treated:—

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Every man who would know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Married Life, who would atone for past follies and avoid future pitfalls, should write for this WONDERFUL LITTLE BOOK.

It will be sent free, under seal, while the edition lasts. Address the publishers,

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BIG G. TRADE MARK. CURE YOURSELF! Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor. The Universal American Cure. Manufactured by The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. PRICE $1.00

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A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.

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CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets

VICTORIA, B. C.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that having sold my business to the Saywa Mill and Lumber Co., Limited, I take this opportunity of thanking my friends and patrons for past favors and ask that the same be extended to the new firm.

Persons having claims against me are requested to present the same, and all persons indebted to me are requested to pay such indebtedness at my office, 16 Trounce Avenue.

oc23 tf W. P. SAYWARD.

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IS THE BEST.

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MANUFACTURERS,

TORONTO, - ONTARIO.

New Telegraph Hotel.

Accommodation for 100 guests. This hotel is a three-story brick, with basement; has electric light and gas, and all the modern conveniences, and commands a fine view of the harbor. Terms, from $1 to $2 per day.

daw JOHNATHAN MERRIFIELD.

A BY-LAW

To Regulate the Numbering of Hawkers and Pedlers.

Whereas by sub-section 61 of section 104 of the Municipal Act, 1892, the Council is empowered to make, alter and repeal by-laws inter alia to regulate the numbering of hawkers and pedlers,

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

Sec. 1. Every hawker or pedler licensed under the Revenue By-Law, 1889, shall at the time of the issue of his license receive from the collector a plate bearing a number which shall be affixed on a prominent place on the outside of his wagon, cart or other vehicle or basket or other receptacle for carrying or conveying his goods, wares, or merchandise and said plate shall remain thereon during the period for which the license is granted or in case more than one basket or other receptacle is carried by the licensee then the plate shall be attached to one of such baskets or other receptacle, and such plate shall be returned to the collector at the expiration of the term of the license and may be reissued by him.

Sec. 2. Any person convicted of a breach of this by-law shall forfeit and pay at the discretion of the convicting magistrate a penalty not exceeding the sum of fifty dollars, for each offence exclusive of costs and in default of payment of the said penalty and costs forthwith the said penalty and costs or costs only may be levied by distresss and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender and in case of there being no distress found out of which such penalty can be levied the convicting magistrate may commit the offender to the common jail of the city of Victoria with or without hard labor for any period not exceeding one calendar month unless the said and penalty costs be sooner paid

Sec. 3. This By-Law may be cited as "The Hawker and Pedler Numbering By-Law, 1893.'

Passed the Municipal Council the 27th day of January, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council the 1st February, 1893.

ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. L. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of the by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 1st day of February, A.D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof quashed must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, M.C.

HABITS OF ALASKA INDIANS.

How the Aborigines of the North Earn a Livelihood.

HUNTING AND FISHING CONTINUALLY

Hundreds of Them Have Never Seen a White Face—Curious Method of Preserving Their Food—Furs Nearly All Find Their Way to the Victoria Market.

The name of Stick Indians is loosely applied to all those natives of interior Alaska living near the coast range of mountains. They are people but little known to the whites for but few travellers have ever visited them, and hundreds of them to-day have never seen a white face. Living within two or three hundred miles of the coast settlement, yet separated from them by lofty mountains, they pass their existence without meeting any white people save when some curious explorer like Glave or Schwatka, or some intrepid hunter like Dalton goes among them, or when a few of their leading men make an occasional visit to the coast under the guardianship and strict surveillance of their Chilcat managers.

Their industry most interesting to the outside world is hunting, and the quantity of furs sent out by them is not inconsiderable. They consist principally of martin, mink, beaver, otter fox and bear skins. These find their way to the trading posts along the coast from Tongas to the mouth of Copper river or to the traders along the Yukon.

The furs brought out by the Stickeen river find their way to Wrangel; those from the Takou and a good many from Chilcat reach the Juneau market; all those brought over the Chilcoot pass are sold at Wilson's on the Dyea. The stores at Yakutat and around the mouth of Copper river buy a good many and every year the Simpsean Indians pay Chilcat a visit and carry away a good portion. Most of these furs find their way to the Victoria market.

The fur trade on the Yukon valley has been controlled by the Alaska Commercial Company, but the North American Transportation and Trading Company expects to come in this year for a fair share of it.

Early in the spring the Indians from the village of I-shi-ik and neighboring villages bring their furs down to the village of Wes-kut-i-heen, which is situated on one of the streams among the head waters of the Alseck river. They come here because they are short of food, and here are their catches of fish, put up the preceding year. After remaining for a few weeks some of them go back for a few weeks' hunting, while others remain until the salmon begin to run, which is about the 1st of June. By the time these silvery beauties have come up the rapid waters of the river, guided by an unerring instinct which teaches them to swim up the swift glacial stream to reach the live feeders of the Alseck to there deposit their eggs, the hunters have all returned, and two or three hundred Indians are ready to commence putting up their supply of fish. The salmon are very plentiful and of fine quality, being the kind known as king salmon. These are taken in large numbers, sun-dried and smoked. The weather is warm and they dry quickly. They are then smoked. To do this the Indians build a frame work some seven or eight feet high and roof it over tightly with cottonwood and quaking asp; the sides are left open; close under this roof the salmon are hung, and fires built on the ground. The process of smoking is simple but effective. After a sufficient quantity has been cured a cache is built for them. In the building of this considerable ingenuity is exercised to keep the store safe from the bears and other wild animals. The timber throughout this section is thick and the Indian cuts off four or five trees standing near together, some twenty-five feet from the ground; from these the bark is carefully peeled, and upon them he builds a little log-house and roofs it over with bark. In this he stores away his smoked fish, takes away the the ladder, hewn from a log, and there it remains safe and secure until the next spring's migration brings him back once more. The bears will not climb the smooth timbers, and if the wolverines do get up they are not strong enough to break in.

From the time the salmon commence runing it usually takes about six weeks to put up the stock of fish, and it is then time to begin laying in a stock of provisions for the winter, for the salmon is only used in the spring, and when they leave their fishing grounds they take no fish away with them more than a few days' supply. The hunters start off for the hunting grounds by themselves, and the women follow with the camping outfit. The country of the II-shi-ik Indians is quite open, and game can often be seen when several miles away. The game consists of bears, caribou, moose, mountain sheep and ibex, and wherever the game is found there a camp is built and the meat cured. The softer parts of the animals, such as the liver and the intestines, are eaten at once, but the flesh is dried and smoked for winter use. The atmosphere is so clear and dry in these high latitudes that only a few days are required for the curing, and the game so plentiful that often as many as sixty carcasses will be found in the camp at once. The meat is nice and sweet after it is dried, and is pronounced good by those who have eaten of it. This is more than can be said of their salmon, for along the rivers and lowlands the flies are so thick that it is almost impossible to put the fish up in good shape, and the Indians take no pains to do so. The pelts are used for bedding and clothing, and many of the moose skins find their way down by the Simpson Indians to Victoria, where they are manufactured into moccasins.

While the men are bringing down the larger game, the women at the camp and the old men at the villages are snaring squirrels and ground-hogs, catching trout and drying roots. The vegetable diet of these Indians is more varied and abundant that one unacquainted with our country would expect to find in Alaska. Wild onions of good quality are plentiful., and among the roots there is one which greatly resembles a carrot. A kind of wild rhubarb is abundant and the bark from the young black birch and that from a kind of hemlock are also used. These supplies are cached in the same manner as the fish if the Indians are in a timber country, if not they build a cache from poles set in a circle and their tops drawn together and firmly bound with a rope of twisted willow. More poles are laid on until there are several layers of them, then the earth is thrown up around them on the outside and the meat is safe until the hunter comes for it in the winter.

A family may have several of these caches of meat, as they build them wherever they find any quantity of game. There are great numbers of rabbits which can be caught at all seasons. There is very little suffering from hunger among these natives and they have comfortable clothing of furs and skins.

When winter comes and the hunting season begins, the Indian hunters busy themselves hunting the valuable fur-bearing animals. The flesh of these with the supply of dried meats and roots keeps them in food until the winter is over and they go to their trading and fishing grounds again.

The return of the hunters to the villages is a season of rejoicing and their coming is signaled when many miles away. The method of signaling is by fires built on prominent hills. As soon as a party of returning hunters halt for the night two or three of the young bucks start to climb the nearest hill. There is abundant of dead timber still standing and they select a tall backmatack tree, place a bunch of lighted moss or twigs at its base and it takes fire almost instantly and a huge column of flame shoots up to the heavens announcing their coming. Fire answers fire and for many miles up and down these great valleys, hunters signal to hunters, and guided by these one party joins another on the return until they enter the village together.

Some of these valleys contain acres upon acres covered with thick growths of greasewood, which grows to the height of seven or eight feet here, while in Arizona it is rarely found four feet tall. Everywhere throughout the timber sections of the Stick country are to be seen traces of forest fires, huge blackened stumps alone mark where heavy growths of timber have stood.

They have many curious customs, one of which is leaving the bodies of those dying, when upon the hunt or march, just where they fall; never as much as changing the clothing or wrapping them up, while those dying in the villages are always burned. The bones of those dying in the woods are sometimes burned after they have been picked clean by the wild animals and bleached by the elements.

These Indian villages never contain much property, neither food, clothing nor blankets; but the people have them all cached in various places for better security.

THE NEXT WAR.

Sir Charles Dilke Compares the Armies Likely to be Engaged.

Sir Charles Dilke, in reply to General von der Goltz in the Vie Contemporaine, says that in one essential point the German army has a great advantage over the army of France, and that is in the ages of the commanders of the army corps. The average age of the French generals is considerable greater than that of the German generals, and this one fact constitutes a marked inferiority for the French. In future wars, when enormous masses will be engaged, the difficulty of keeping up the supply of food and ammunition will be infinitely greater than was ever known in any war of the past. On account of the smokeless powder, the officers will be slaughtered at the beginning of each engagement, owing to the facility of distinguishing them. The troops on both sides will hesitate to advance, and the battles will be prolonged for several days. Consequently the physical and mental strain on the commanders will be extreme. Certainly, says Sir Charles, there are some men 63 years old who may be able to support it, and some who seem to grow young under the weight of responsibility and the difficulties of their task. But such men are rare exceptions. The average general of 63 years in this respect must be inferior to the average man of 55.

An immense army in the presence of another army equally strong, and each possessing an admirable artillery, cannot conquer or be conquered rapidly. The probabilities are in favor of battles that will be recommenced from day to day upon the same field, with a sudden retreat of the defeated army. A vigorous pursuit of the defeated army will, of course, be necessary for the general of the victorious army if he is to reap any real advantage from the victory. The difficulties of transmitting orders and getting supplies under such trying circumstances might well be sufficient to break down some of the old generals, and then the consequences might be disastrous. It must always be hard to replace or relieve from duty a man who endeavors to do his best in the presence of the enemy.

Sir Charles thinks that the German cavalry is inferior to the Austrian, Russian, and French cavalry, and this inferiority is due, he says, to the German system. He is in favor of a longer term of service in the cavalry regiments than in the infantry regiments, and he thinks that the Germans are not sufficiently trained in that arm of the service.

World's Fair Accommodations.

That Chicago is prepared and abundantly able to furnish comfortable abiding places for the millions of humanity that will flock into that city to see the wonders of the World's Columbian exhibition is shown quite conclusively by a perusal of that timely work entitled "Homes for Visitors to the World's Fair." This work is concisely prepared by trustworthy parties and in addition to showing all the hotels and their locations, contains a list of about 9000 private families who will accommodate visitors in Chicago during the time of the Fair, May 1st to October 30th, giving names and addresses and numbers of rooms each will have to spare.

It also contains 12 full page charts of Chicago, with the aid of which the possessor can select location, correspond with families and in fact complete all arrangements for his stay in Chicago before starting on his journey.

Our agents have been supplied with this book and copies can be had on payment of 50 cents each. Agents will at the same time be pleased to furnish free copy of "New Highway to the Orient," "Banff and Lakes in the Clouds," and "Annotated Time-tables," descriptive of the scenery along the Canadian Pacific railway which will shortly publish special excursion rates to the World's Fair. These pamphlets are tastily gotten up, beautifully printed and illustrated with views and will well repay a perusal.

GEO. M'L. BROWN,
District Passenger Agent,
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"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."
Simply apply "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWAYNE'S OINTMENT. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. 12s&w

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Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.
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A GREAT SEA FIGHT.

THAT BETWEEN THE CHESAPEAKE AND THE SHANNON.

The English Officers Challenge to the American—An Engagement That Lasted Only Thirteen Minutes—Great Loss of Life—A Detailed Account.

The fight between the American frigate Chesapeake and the British frigate Shannon is regarded as one of the most sanguinary battles in the history of the navy of the United States, and though the result of the engagement was disastrous to the American flag, the various incidents of the fight have been carefully cherished through all these succeeding years in the chronicles of the American Navy, and even at this late day form the topic for many a gun-room and midwatch tale.

Tuesday June 1, 1813, broke over the shores and islands of Boston bay in unclouded summer loveliness. A faint breeze rippled the waters while the rising sun cast long rays over the gently undulating waters of the bay. The Shannon under easy sail slowly floated down the eastern coast in order to take an early look into the harbour, and Broke gazed long and earnestly in the direction of the Chesapeake's tall spars, plainly discernible among the church steeples in the distance, the friendly lighthouse, and the many masts of the Boston shipping.

Aboard the Shannon the men were hard at drill, and the work was still going on when Lieut. Wallis, the Admiral, who died during the last year, took the deck at 8 a.m. Broke had litle hope of meeting the Chesa-

ADMIRAL SIR PROVO WALLIS.

peake that day. Still, he hoped. At 10 a.m, the crew went to quarters and took up target practice. This practice was carried on in full view of the Chesapeake, the British frigate making quiet reaches to and fro across the bay. Broke took his station in the maintop and kept his eye riveted on the Chesapeake.

At 11:30 he slowly descended to the deck deeply disappointed. The Chesapeake, save for a loose foretopsail, gave no sign of stirring. On reaching the deck, Broke directed the retreat to be beat from quarters, saying at the same time:

"Wallis, I don't mean this for general quarters, but because she will surely be out to-day or to-morrow."

The watch was relieved at twelve, Wallis telling Falkiner, his relief, to be sure to call him early "if she stir." Broke lingered still on deck, for the tide was flowing and the day already beginning to wane.

It was only a few minutes after Falkiner took the deck that the word went through the Shannon on lightning wings:

"She is coming out."

The Chesapeake came out in fine style under all sail and with plenty of bunting showing. Broke disappeared at the moment of this announcement, and for the next hour was alone in his cabin. What passed in that cabin nobody will ever know, but when the Shannon's captain emerged he quickly repaired to the quarterdeck and ordered the crew mustered. Broke spoke in substance thus:

"Shannons! You know that from various causes the Americans have lately triumphed on several occasions over the British flag in our frigates. But they have gone farther, they have said, and they have published it in their papers, that the English have forgotten the way to fight. You will let them know to-day that there are Englishmen in the Shannon who still know how to fight. Don't try to dismast her. Fire into her quarters; maindeck into maindeck; quarterdeck into quarterdeck; kill the men and the ship is yours. Don't hit them about the head, for they have steel caps on, but give it them through the body. Don't cheer. Go quietly to your duty; and, remember, you have now the blood of hundreds of your countrymen to avenge!"

The Shannon's men quickly went to their quarters. At this moment Boston Light bore directly west, distant six leagues. The Shannon hauled up with her head to the southward and eastward, and lay to under topsails and jib, the latter flowing and the spanker hanging by the throat brails only. The Chesapeake had sent her royal yards down on deck, and was now cruising out under much the same sail as the Shannon was carrying. The Shannon's royal yards were kept crossed, Broke considering the high sails of possible future advantage. When nearly within gunshot the Shannon filled under jib, topsails and spanker, and having little more than steerage way awaited the Chesapeake.

As the Chesapeake bore down she rounded-to on the starboard quarter of her opponent. Broke walked forward and through his own skylights called out to the main-deck gun captains to "fire on the enemy as soon as the guns bore on his second bow port." The ships were closing fast, and the sails of the Chesapeake came rapidly between the slanting rays of the evening sun and the Shannon, darkening the main-deck ports of the latter, while the increasing ripple of the water against her bows could be distinctly heard aboard the silent Shannon.

The first gun aboard the Shannon to fire was No. 14 on the main-deck, commanded by Billy Mindham, Broke's coxswain, and No. 14 carried away nearly a whole gun's crew aboard the Chesapeake. No. 13, just forward of No. 14, next fired. Then followed in rapid succession Nos. 12, 11, 10, 9 and so on, each firing its contents directly into the crowded main deck of the American ship.

The Chesapeake thus took the entire broad side of the British ship, delivered as it was in a cool, calculating way. The effect was withering. A hurricane of splinters, shot, cut rigging, and wreckage was flying about the decks of the Chesapeake, and in less than five minutes 100 men of the 150 on the main deck of the Chesapeake were writhing either wounded or in the agonies of death. In that first fire Lawrence was shot through the abdomen by Lieut. Low of the Shannon's marines.

As the Chesapeake passed the Shannon she had her tiller shot away, and so luffed up into the wind. In this position, when almost on the bows of the Shannon, the latter ship poured in a frightful small-arm fire. The effect was so terrible aboard the American ship that Broke, preceiving the flinching on the Chesapeake's decks, hurled his trumpet from him, and shouted as he ran forward: "Follow me who can."

The Chesapeake was drifting astern and continued to do so until her port quarter struck the Shannon about the fifth or sixth gun on the main deck. Here Boatswain Stevens of the Shannon succeeded in lashing the two ships together, though he received a mortal wound in the act.

While thus in contact, Broke sprang on to the Chesapeake's rail, followed by about sixty officers and men. On gaining the Chesapeake's deck a stubborn fight ensued. Livermore, Lawrence's chaplain, snapped his pistol at Broke, but it missed fire and Broke cut Livermore down with his sword. At the same time that Broke boarded the Chesapeake from the main deck, two midshipmen, Smith and Cosnahan, had boarded her aloft from the fore and main yards and had cleared the tops.

Suddenly the Chesapeake's sails again filled and she broke adrift from her lashings, leaving the sixty Englishmen and their captain aboard. The upper deck, however, was theirs, and it was at this time that the first lieutenant of the Shannon bent the British ensign in his haste under the American flag instead of over it. The Shannon opened fire from one gun on the party of which the Shannon's first lieutenant was in charge, and that fire resulted in the death of the latter. The consternation thus produced caused the American prisoners gathered forward to make a rush, and in this rush Broke was stricken down by a seaman's cutlass. The blow laid bare the brain, and Broke sank to the deck. In another moment the British made a counter-rush and cut down nearly every man forward.

The British flag was now raised over the American ensign. The remainder of the Chesapeake's crew was on the main deck of their vessel, and were under hatches. An English marine while standing guard over one of the hatches was shot from below, and this caused the Shannon's people to pour a fire on the main deck. Falkiner stopped this latter firing by threatening to shoot the next man who fired below. The firing aroused Broke, who was seated half unconscious on a carronade slide. He faintly directed the Americans to be driven into the hold, and then lapsed, from his great loss of blood, into total insensibility.

The battle may be said to have now ended, and that, too, in thirteen minutes' time from its beginning. In that brief period 252 men were either killed or wounded in the two ships. In the great fight off Cape St. Vincent the total loss was 296. At the battle of Navarino the whole loss was 272.

Fresh reinforcements from the Shannon were now sent on board the Chesapeake, and Broke was conveyed back to his own vessel. With Broke was carried to the Shannon Ludlow, the first lieutenant of the Chesapeake, badly wounded. Ludlow was placed in Wallis' berth. Lawrence was conveyed to the wardroom of the Chesapeake, and lived until June 4th. On June 6th the two ships reached Halifax.

ANOTHER OBSERVATORY.

Plans for a Tower to Crown the Summit of Queenston Heights.

"The Lundy's Lane Observatory Company" is the name of an organization recently formed at Drummondville, Ont., for the purpose of planting an observation tower upon the Lundy's Lane battlefield, from the top of which may be had a magnificent view of the historic locality. The Niagara gorge and (by telescope) the cities of Toronto and Buffalo.

The sanguinary battle of July 25, 1814, was fought on the very summit of Queenston Heights. Lundy's Lane leaves the Queenston Road at nearly a right angle and follows a course almost due west for about half a mile. About 100 yards west of the junction of the lane and road, on the south side of the former, stood a Presbyterian church, a low frame building painted red. This house of worship has been restored and again is used by a Pres-

OBSERVATORY FOR LUNDY'S LANE BATTLE GROUND.

byterian congregation. The church occupied the highest point of the range, which slopes gently southward and westward but drops abruptly to the east and north. On the right of the church lay a small graveyard. Southward and below the graveyard a thriving young orchard covered the slope. Then, as now, Lundy's Lane was bordered by rows of vigorous apple, cherry and peach trees which thrust their projecting boughs over the highway. A battery of British guns was planted among the graves on the summit of the knoll beside the church and there was fought the bloodiest struggle of that war—the battle of Lundy's Lane.

Across the road from the little church, ground had been secured upon which the observatory will be erected. Lundy's Lane at this point lies 450 feet above the level of Lake Ontario, and the observatory, a picture of which is printed herewith, will rise to a height of 102 feet—several feet above the top of the column erected to the memory of brave Brock.

The Observatory will include a frame building 50 feet square and two stories high, a part of which will be devoted to the purposes of a museum, a storehouse for the many relics which have been gathered from time to time on the battlefield or handed down from participants, the other part to be used as a refreshment room where light meals will be served.

The Observatory shaft will be constructed of steel and a roomy elevator probably propelled by electricity, will carry visitors to the commodious parapet above. It is the intention of the Company to equip the tower with a telescope and provide every facility for an unobstructed view of the magnificent scenery surrounding the historic battle-ground. The completion of the new electric railway from Chippewa to Queenston will provide rapid and inexpensive means of visiting Lundy's Lane. The Observatory will be ready for the public as soon as the excursion season opens. The Lundy's Lane Observatory Company is officered by John A. Orchard, president; James Wilson, secretary-treasurer.

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Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock-Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.
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Branch offices and deposits: Judson Mfg. Co., San Francisco, Cal.; Lormer & Rose, Montreal and Toronto, Can.; D. W. C. Carroll & Co., Pittsburg, Pa.; Hatfield Steel Foundry Co., England; Southern Steel and Aluminum Alloy Co., Rome, Ga.; J. D. Smith Foundry Supply Co., Cincinnati Ohio. del-6m

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WANTED—Agents to sell our choice and hardy Nursery Stock. We have many new special varieties, both in fruits and ornamentals to offer, which are controlled only by us. We pay commission or salary. Write us at once for terms, and secure choice of territory. MAY BROTHERS, Nurserymen, Rochester, N.Y. ap13-10t

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MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—Dressmaking or sewing by the day; town or country; address E. B., Box 572, City. ap15-1w

A MARRIED MAN urgently wants employment in office, or as canvasser or in any capacity whatever. Capable of undertaking any duties. Several years in Victoria. R., Times office. mar28-tf

WANTED—Insurance upon merchants' stocks, household goods, dwellings and stores by the Alliance Assurance Co. (capital $24,000,000). Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

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FOR SALE—Banner Oats, for seed. Apply to J. H. Wilson Brown, South Saanich, or Munroe Miller, 77 Johnson St. ap8-tf

FOR SALE—200 acres at Toquart. Apply to H. F. Heisterman & Co. mar25 1m

FOR SALE—Cheap, one horse, harness and light express wagon. Apply to the Victoria Transfer Company, Broughton St. m34-tf

FOR SALE—160 acres of the West Saanich Road, 11 miles from Victoria, ¼ mile from Saanich Arm. 50 acres good bottom land, easily cleared. A splendid sheep farm. Good hunting and fishing. A small lake on property. Price $1,600. For particulars apply P. O. Box 104, Union, B.C. fe24-tf

FOR SALE—Ten acres of very fine land, suitable for chicken or small fruit ranch, all cleared, well drained and under cultivation, six miles from city, on Saanich road. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

FOR SALE—Ten roomed house, new, two minutes from Oak Bay avenue tram line, will be sold for $1000 less than would have been taken a year ago. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

FOR SALE—One half interest in a good milk business, with 28 cows and 7 horses, also 20 fine young heifers, and all kinds of farming implements, with a good run of customers; also 75 pigs, old and young, also one farm of 172 acres. For further particulars apply to James N. Algar, Nanaimo, B. C., Cranberry District n11-tf-d-w

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TO LET—On first of May, a new two story house; bath room and other modern conveniences; rent $18; near Dallas Road. Apply 169 Menzies St., or J. Piercy, Yates St. ap19-2w

TO LET—New cottages—4 rooms, $7, including water; one larger, with bath, $12. Apply Mrs. P. Wilson, 135 Douglas St., or Clarke St., Spring Ridge. ap14-1m

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TO LET—Story and a half cottage, South Turner St. Five rooms and bath, garden, etc. Apply Skene Lowe, 45 Carr St. mar22-tf

TO LET—A seven roomed dwelling, centrally located. Bath, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences. Apply Morrow, Holland & Co., 44 Broad Street. mar7-tf

TO LET.—Twenty acres of fine "market garden" land, three miles from city. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 100 Johnson Street. Telephone 183; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

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DRS. HALL & MACKECHNIE, Ernest Hall, M.D., L.R.C.P., Edinburgh, Moorefields Eye Hospital; late assistant in Central Throat and Ear Hospital, London. S. N. MacKechnie, M.B., Toronto University. Specialties—Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Glasses adjusted to imperfect Vision. Artificial eyes supplied. Office, Jewel Block, cor. Yates and Douglas Sts., Victoria.

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PROF. TOTTENHAM, Rheumatism and Neuralgia Specialist, Will be at home to patients on and after 4 o'clock p.m. daily at his residence, No. 56 Pandora Street. City Agents—: Thos. Shotbolt, Druggist, Johnson St.; C. E. Jones, Druggist, 36 Government Street.

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ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER, ARCHITECT. Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. ja5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

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SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, ja13 Secretary.

SONS OF ERIN. Meet in Pioneer Hall, Broad St., on second Wednesday in each month, at 8 p.m. All Irishmen are invited to join. RICHARD ACKLAND, Hon. Sec'y.

SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOC'Y. Pride of the Island No. 131 meets second and fourth Tuesdays at 7:45 p.m., in St. George's Hall, Government and Bastion Sts. Visiting brethren cordially invited. ARTHUR LEE, P.O. Box 782. au19yr Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy25 R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 126, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. E. LANGLEY, d-1w Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. K. PFERDNER, oct29 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join. R. C. SMITH, Secretary.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184, ju18

JOHN DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coa and wood for sale a22-1y

WE BEG TO INFORM

Victorians

That we have removed from 27 Fort Street to our new and spacious store

37 Fort Street,

5 doors above our old stand, where you can find the

Only Opticians

Of British Columbia, who have the knowledge, skill and experience to thoroughly test your eyes and fit you with proper glasses. Who make a specialty of grinding complicated glasses and repairs of all kinds. Who have the most complete stock of Spectacles, Eye Glasses and Optical Instruments in Canada. Note the Change of Address:

F. W. Nolte & Co.,

37 FORT STREET.

(Formerly 27 Fort St.; successors to Hyams.) ☞ We give Oculist's Prescriptions our special attention. Do not let any one tell you that your glasses cannot be ground here. Bring your prescription to us. We guarantee to fill it within 48 hours, and give you work equal in accuracy and finish to any on the American continent.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.

Very double choice sorts of

Tree Pæonies,

Perfectly hardy and bound to give satisfaction.

LILIES, FERN PLANTS, PLUM TREES,

All in good condition for immediate planting.

T. S. FUTCHER, Importer and Retailer. 41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

NOTICE.

DR. BAKER

Having recovered from his recent illness, will resume work at his office on Monday, 17th. ap17-1w

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN) No. 11 Rae Street.

Applications to be made at the Home or to MRS. D. W. HIGGINS Cadboro Bay Road.

AMUSEMENTS.

ZIPPORA MONTEITH, Soprano. Vocal instruction in English, French, German and Italian. Private and in class. Also pupils prepared for Oratorio and Opera.

F. VICTOR AUSTIN, Violinist. Pupils received for the Violin, ensemble and orchestral playing.

MISS AGNES DAWSON, R.A.M. Teacher of Piano, Theory, Harmony and Composition. For terms and particulars address, F. VICTOR AUSTIN, Balmoral, Douglas St., or 133 Fort St.

TENDERS WANTED.

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Wednesday, the 26th inst., at 4 p.m., for the construction of a building on the City Hall property, Douglas Street, to be used as a Police Barracks.

Plans and specifications of same may be seen at the office of John Teague, Esq., Sr., Architect, Trounce Avenue.

The Corporation reserves the right not to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, 18th April, 1893.

TENDERS

Are invited for repairing the German steamer "ROMULUS," Berndt, Master, in Esquimalt Graving Dock.

Specifications for the work required may be seen at this office after 9 a.m. on Thursday, 20th inst., and tenders will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Friday, 21st inst. These should be addressed to Capt. W. Berndt in care of the undersigned, and marked, "Tenders for repairs to s.s. 'Romulus.'"

Capt. Berndt does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

R. P. RITHET & CO., LTD., April 18th, 1893.—3t Wharf St., Agents.

Sale by Tender.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up till noon on Saturday, 22nd inst., for the purchase of the lease, goodwill, stock of liquors, bar fixtures, furniture, etc., of the Albion Hotel, Herald Street. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

C. T. RUSSELL, ap18 1t Albion Hotel.

THE

Pacific Portland Cement

COMPANY, Limited,

Victoria, B. C.

The public are invited to inspect, test samples, and obtain information at the temporary offices of the Company,

Williams Block, opposite Driard Hotel, Broad Street.

AGENTS WANTED AT EVERY SHIPPING PORT ON THE PACIFIC OCEAN.

Telephone No. 234. P. O. Box 269 Office Hours 9 till clock. ap11-1m

Municipal Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the reports of the City Engineer and City Assessor in regard to the grading of and laying sidewalks upon Stanley Avenue, between Fort Street and Mr. Andean's property, and Montrose Avenue, between Blackwood and Jones Streets, Showing the proportion in which the assessment is proposed to be made on the various portions of the real property benefited by the said improvements respectively, in accordance with the "Local Improvement By-Law," are now open for inspection at the Office of the City Assessor.

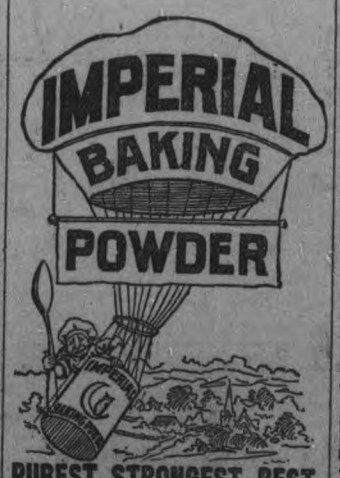
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria B.C., March 30, 1893.

Medical Examinations.

The Examinations of the B. C. Medical Council will commence on Tuesday, the 2nd day of May next, in the City of Victoria. Particulars by applying to

G. L. MILNE, ap19-2w Registrar and Secretary.



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THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,

At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year..... $10 00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1 50.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion, the type used for general reading, and placed in reading columns, 25c a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out. Address

THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,

WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager.

Changes of Advertisements.

It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that of their appearance.

The Daily Times.

MAINLAND WRATH.

The objections to the course pursued by the Davie Government during the past session are by no means confined to the Vancouver and New Westminster region. Throughout nearly all the Mainland bitter complaints are uttered on account of the decision to erect new Government buildings and the juggling with redistribution. The Mainland papers without an exception, we believe, have openly, and most of them vigorously, condemned the Government. Some of them, like the Kamloops, Vernon and Golden papers, are not only published in districts which have given the Government support, but they have in the past either favored the Government or remained neutral. As an example we may quote an article from the Vernon News, which may be supposed to speak for a district the Commissioner of Lands and Works considers peculiarly his own. The News thus speaks:

"The outcry for roads through the district is becoming almost heartrending, and the indignation expressed at the neglect which has been suffered has been heightened by the reckless manner in which the money which should have gone to help out the settlers and open up districts has been voted to put up a costly pile of buildings in Victoria. Through different parts of White Valley, at Mabel lake and at the Mission, the people are clamorous and indignant, but in the lower country the stupendous folly of the Government becomes all the more apparent. Their policy has had the effect of literally locking up the rich mineral resources of the greater part of that country, for the small amount doled out at the eleventh hour is altogether insufficient to meet even the most pressing necessities of the mining fraternity. If the mining men had done nothing themselves to develop their mines and had thus given the Government a chance to say that there was no evidence before them to show that roads were needed, there would have been some excuse, but on the contrary, large mining capitalists, American, English and Canadian, are to be found through different parts of the district who have invested their thousands, not only in the purchase of claims but in developing them, and have been subjected to the greatest hardship in the absence of roads to accomplish what has been done. Most of their mining properties have been, time and again, described in the News, and officially they have been brought to the attention of the Government by Mr. Lumby, the gold commissioner, in his excellent report recently published with that of the Minister of Mines. In the face of all this it is little wonder that these men who were bent upon developing the mineral resources of the country, express only disgust and discouragement, when they realize that they are largely in the hands of men whose capacity for government may be summed up in that one vote for parliament buildings, while this and other districts of the province are in their present shape."

The News has thus changed from a friend into an enemy of the Government, and it is only reasonable to suppose that many of its readers will do likewise. The candid observer cannot withhold his sympathy from those who complain that their districts are left without the necessary means of development while money is being spent on new buildings at the capital; but the fact should always be kept in mind that the development and the buildings could go on together, if the business of the province were rightly conducted. If new roads and bridges are not furnished where they are needed, it will be for the reason that the money is not well expended, and not because there is not enough expended. We make no doubt that plenty of testimony in support of this statement could be found in Yale district itself. As another sample of Mainland criticism we may give the following from the Nelson Tribune:

"The refusal of the Davie government to bring down a redistribution bill, after promising to do so, will be pronounced a "sharp" political move by politicians; but is it not really a piece of perfidy? Were business or professional men of standing to act in a like manner, they would be shunned by the people among whom they do business. The Davie government pledged itself, at the beginning of the session, to redistribute the membership of the legislative assembly so that all sections of the province would be fairly represented. The promise was kept dangling before the members until the one measure that the Government had set its heart on passing was passed, when it was jerked out of sight.

The people of British Columbia need look for no wise, just, or honest legislation as long as the present gang are in control. While several of the members of the Government party are men of good intentions, the leaders of the party are self-seeking and utterly unscrupulous. It is within the power of the people to rid themselves of these perfidious leaders, if only they but organize for the next election and make a fight at the ballot box for principles, not for individuals and appropriations."

Evidently if the Mainlanders nurse their wrath until the day of next general election the Government will have an interesting time of it. The ingenuity of the Premier and his colleagues will be severely taxed to keep them clear of the difficulties in their way. The people will no doubt watch with considerable interest the course of action to be followed by the Government.

PERSONAL.

Visitors and Passengers to and From the City and Province.

Capt. Clarke returned from Vancouver yesterday.

T. E. Ladner of Ladner's Landing is at the Driard.

M. King is spending a few days on the Mainland.

Col. Holmes returned from the Mainland last evening.

J. F. Bledso left for the Kootenay country last evening.

P. A. Paulson, Tacoma, and J. F. Wardner, Fairhaven, are in the city.

Robert Kerr, general freight agent of the C.P.R. at Winnipeg, is registered at the Driard.

Fred H. Marvin of Tacoma, president of the Crescent Creamery Co., was in the city yesterday and was a guest at the Hotel Victoria. Mr. Marvin is one of the wealthy young men of Washington, and is making his mark in the commercial world.

Ten Cent Dress Goods

60,000 yards, at Russell and McDonald's.

AN ELECTRIC SNAKE.

A Fiery Monster That Leaves a Track of Icy Slime.

Mark Weston, a farmer living near the small town of Alexander, southeast of this city, relates a most wonderful phenomenon which occurred at his place, which is to-day being visited by hundreds of people anxious to see for themselves the evidences of what Mr. Weston beheld.

He says: "Just after dark night before last I had occasion to go out to the barn to look after the horses. A public highway passes within 200 yards of my house, and the barn is built about 20 rods from the house due south and somewhat nearer the road. I started from the house in the direction of the barn and had gone perhaps half the distance when I noticed something playing along the ground that looked like a tremendous fiery snake.

"The object crossed my path, and as it did so I felt the air grow much colder, and a peculiar moaning sound arose, like the sighing of the wind through the trees, only it was loud enough to drown a man's voice when he would shout. Then I felt something come over me like electricity, and I became motionless, as though I had grown fast to the ground.

"I was terribly scared, but I never lost the use of my hands or legs through fear, though there was something peculiar in the air that simply paralyzed me. When the thing had got perhaps 50 feet from me going west it turned and came back, and as it did so the moaning sound changed to a shrill whistle, something lik a locomotive would make, and when it got just in front of me it took a course directly away from me and toward the barn.

"It traveled very rapidly and looked like a large, ragged streak of fire, perhaps 30 feet long and 18 inches in diameter. The thing reached the barn and in almost an instant ran directly up the front of the building and onto the roof. I expected every moment to see the barn burst into flames, but it did not. The great fiery snake ran with great rapidity all over the building, in almost every direction, up and down, crosswise and every way, I suppose, a thousand times. It then came to the front of the building and elevated itself until it stood straight on its tail fully 30 feet in the air.

"I was perfectly conscious all the time, but try as I would I could not move from the spot. After the thing had remained in an upright position for, I presume, three or four minutes, there was a sudden explosion like the discharge of a cannon and the thing disappeared entirely. With the disappearance of the strange phenomenon I felt a shock like the first one I felt and at the same time I gained control of my limbs. I hastened to the house, told my wife what I had seen and she thought I was crazy, but upon my insisting she consented to accompany me to investigate the matter.

"You can imagine our surprise upon reaching the barn to find it covered with a remarkable network resembling large ropes of ice. They appeared to pass around the building in exactly the way the fiery monster had passed. It was not ice, however, but seemed to be more of a crystal, for it would not melt even when we held a flame to it and when struck with a hatchet it simply gave a dull-like sound and did not break.

"Upon entering the barn we were amazed, as two good horses stood in the stalls immovable. They were alive, but neither could move a muscle. They seemed to be paralyzed, and stood there more like statues than anything else. They were warm and breathed all right, but aside from this you could not tell they were alive. I applied the whip and they never flinched. A dog that sleeps in the barn was dead and appeared completely petrified. He was lying on the ground with his head on his paws just like he was sleeping. When I left home this afternoon everything was just as I have described it to you."—Delphi Cor. Chicago Mail.

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Garden hose at McLennan & McFeely's.

STICKING TO BUSINESS.

A Timely Article on the Prevalent Spirit of Unrest.

There are many men and particularly young men, who are always getting dissatisfied with what they are doing. When they have been working in a certain line of business for some time they begin to think they are better fitted for something else.

Instead of working right on at what is plainly set before them to do, they allow the spirit of unrest to take complete possession of them, and they are of no account in the positions which they occupy, and they might be of less account in something they had not tried.

No one wants to discourage ambition in any way, but there may be a difference of opinion as to what ambition is. According to Webster the word means "An eager and sometimes inordinate desire of preferment, honor, superiority or power." In its original use it meant going around seeking votes for office, but the quoted definition will best apply to business purposes.

The ambitious youth would do well to study this definition, before allowing his desires to get away with him. He ought to consider what preparation he has had to entitle him to preferment, superiority or power. Would he know what to do with himself if exalted to the position he might crave? Many things should be taken into consideration.

One needs executive ability to hold high positions in business life to-day. The man of ideas is the man who "gets there" in the store, in the manufactory and in every other place in the business world. He must know his business "from the ground up" to attain the best results.

There are many men it is true, who are placed in positions where they are not at home; where they have no special adaptability for their work, but still if these are the only positions which they could secure for the time being, it is best to do something until the right thing comes along.

If we are intended for a special position in life we will surely get to it provided we do each day the work that is next to us. Very few, comparatively, secure just what they think they want to start with, but if they persevere to make themselves as useful as possible in the positions that open to them, they will either get into the places first sought after or will find that after all they were fitted for just what they got into.

If a young man sees that he can do better in another situation and everything draws him that way it is all right for him to go, but his decision should not be too hasty. There are many things to be taken into consideration before making a final decision. Young Canada is impulsive and should hold in a little if possible. The same thought applies to the dealers. If they are already in a good business no change ought to be made without careful consideration. If a dealer has been making and saving money and has a good amount to put into a larger establishment it is quite right to do so.

The spirit of unrest is altogether too prevalent in our country. People are after money, more money, and they care very little how they secure it. There is danger in this changeful disposition. Many good qualities which should be sought after are overlooked entirely in this greed for gain.

Not long ago a business man said, "I should consider my life ill spent if I thought I did not fill a place where I could be of use to my fellow men." This man is at the head of a large establishment which gives employment to a large force of men. It is in giving these men work and looking after them that this man finds his reward.

It takes time to tell whether one is well fitted for a place or not. If he is able to do the work well there is reason for his sticking to it until he knows that he is wanted elsewhere and the way is clearly pointed out to him to change. The place first secured may be the one which will lead upward to a rich reward.—Hardware.

"Wheels."

"A person can nurse a grievance of any kind with such constancy that it will become a mania," said Marshall Harriman, who is at the Lindell. "The present kindly term for such a condition is 'wheels.' If a man is a crank on no more than one thing he simply has one wheel, and so on. I don't think wheels are objectionable, and certainly some of them are very entertaining. Most men with a fixed purpose in view and considerable strength of character have a wheel or two.

"The formation of wheels, or rather their growth, is what has always interested me. They are most noticeable in young persons, because they are brought out with more energy and enthusiasm than older persons could possibly rake up for their pets. A young fellow has a lurking suspicion that he can do something better than most any one else on earth, but is bashful and self-contained. This is a concealed wheel. Then he runs into a friend some day—a bright congenial—and, between these two, at least, bashful concealment evaporates. Then the wheel modestly puts in an appearance. It is well received, of course, and the friend soon finds that it turns with ease in his presence and is fast growing self-assertive. This gentle nursing gives the wheel great velocity, and it is impossible to keep it from turning in the presence of just moderate friends. Then any chance acquaintance is compelled to enjoy its gyrations, at which stage it becomes a nuisance and a fully developed wheel with noisy, grating cogs.

"There are poetic wheels, prose wheels, wheels of art, science and everything else. The most rampant of them all is the poetic wheel. We can thank friendship for all the blasted cranks who go about with an entire clock in their heads."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Your Hat Trimmed Free

Of charge, at Russell and McDonald's.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Best Blood Purifier, LANGLEY'S Sarsaparilla

Drop In

And see the latest novelties in parasols, new dress goods, millinery and mantles that are now to be seen at the Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street. John Partridge.

Luncheon Party Postponed.

The luncheon party to be given by Mrs. Frank Adams to the members of the Metropolitan church Ladies' Aid has been postponed on account of the illness of her son.

Left for England.

Hon. Col. Baker, minister of education and provincial secretary, left for England this morning. He will go east over the C.P.R. He will represent the province at the Imperial Institute and will be absent from the city for a few months.

A Temperance Drama.

The Victoria West amateurs presented the temperance drama "Ruined by Drink," to a well-filled house at Victoria West hall last evening. The performance was for the benefit of Lodge 29, I.O.G.T. The piece was very ably presented.

The Weather

Is a bit off; the dew is falling in undue proportions, and the sunshine is long overdue. You should wear Rigby waterproof tweed, to be obtained of Russell and McDonald, 134 Douglas street; $1 per yard, single width; $2, double width.

Will Hold a Bazaar.

The Hebrew Ladies' Association will hold a bazaar in aid of the building fund, opening on 2nd, closing the night of May 3rd. It will be held, it is said, in their new hall on Blanchard street, which will be handsomely arranged for the occasion. There will be a musical programme each day and a concert each evening. The ladies are already working hard.

New Lodge of A.O.F.

A new court of Ancient Order of Foresters will be instituted at Victoria West hall this evening. A large number have signified their intention of joining, and many members of the lodges will be at the meeting to-night. Candidates who have not seen Dr. Crompton should to-day. Messrs. Hay and McBride, district officers, will be down from the Mainland to-night to assist in the ceremonies. Robin Hood, No. 8100, is the name of the new court. Mr. A. Aspdin, at H. L. Salmon's, 106 Government street, still has the charter list for signature.

Typically Tory.

A gentleman devoted to Conservative interests informed a Times man this morning that Primrose Day is not the late Benjamin Disraeli's birthday, but the anniversary of his death. This is probably the only case where the death of a noted man is celebrated instead of the day of his birth, but it is in absolute accord with the tenets of muddle-headed Toryism, which loves darkness rather than light, and believes in the Chinese doctrine of doing everything contrary to Caucasian ideas of common sense, and is never so supremely happy as when it is in a fog, or blocking progress, in whatsoever direction progress is directed.

St. James Vestry Meeting.

The members of St. James' church had their annual vestry meeting last night. Ven Archdeacon Scriven presided over the session. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Rector's warden, Col. Wolfenden; people's warden, Mr. C. A. Coffin; church committee, Messrs. E. C. Baker, Geo. Jay, jr., Tom Kains, P. D. Goepel, Dr. Wade, E. Mallandaine, C. J. Leggatt, W. J. Goepel, W. W. Northcott, and G. W. Booth. Lay delegates to the synod, Col. Wolfenden, Dr. Wade, Messrs. Tom Kains, P. D. Goepel, Geo. Jay, jr., and C. A. Goffin. Mr. Booth was elected auditor and Mr. Mallandaine, jr., secretary to the church committee, and votes of thanks were tendered to the church wardens and church committee, to the ladies of St. James' sewing society for their assistance to the church in raising for church purposes the sum of $410, to Mr. Geo. Jay, jr., choirmaster, Mr. Haines, organist, and the choir for their services during the past year.

New Bishop of Norwich.

An ex-rector of New Westminster, the Rev. J. Sheepshanks, M. A., has received the high honor of nomination to the bishopric of Norwich, Eng. Of him the Liverpool Mercury thus speaks: "On the formation of the See of Columbia in 1859 Mr. Sheepshanks volunteered to go down to Dr. Hills, the first bishop, and was appointed rector of New Westminster, the capital of the colony, where he labored among the Indians and gold miners of Cariboo. Through his efforts the first English church was erected in the colony. This church was burned down in 1865 and Mr. Sheepshanks came to England to solicit subscriptions for the rebuilding of it. On this expedition he came to Liverpool, where his efforts for the church were conspicuously successful. He afterwards returned to the colony, and the church, Holy Trinity cathedral, was rebuilt in stone. It has recently been consecrated the cathedral church of the colony. In the course of time Mr. Sheepshanks was offered the archdeaconry of the Diocese of Columbia but refused it. Family considerations induced him return to England in 1867, where he took much interest in mission enterprise." The new bishop is a high churchman and is noted for the excellent management of his parish and his schools.

Our Boys.

The performance of the well-known comedy "Our Boys," by a company of amateurs at the Victoria theatre last evening was witnessed by a large and fashionable audience. The entertainment was given in aid of the funds of the Samaritan Home and Jubilee Hospital; a handsome sum must have been netted, as the house was comfortably filled. The performance was very good and well up to the average of amateur interpretations of comedy. Several of the participants sustained their characters remarkably well, notably Mr. Rhodes, as Maddewick the butterman; Mr. Lionel H. Webber, as Talbot Champneys, and Mr. Scaife as Sir Geoffrey. These gentlemen showed a naturalness and ease in their parts which indicated a good deal of previous stage experience. Their performance was in some parts equal to professional work. The other members of the company worked honestly and deserved praise for their efforts. Mrs. Scaife, as the heiress, gave very plain evidence of familiarity with stage matters, as also did Miss Rhodes, as Clarissa, while Miss Powell and Miss N. Powell displayed decided ability in their impersonations. The stage settings by Miss Powell showed considerable artistic taste and were admired. The play, it is understood, is to be given in Vancouver by the ladies and gentlemen who presented it last night, and may be repeated here after the Vancouver engagement.

Ribbons, Laces and Veilings

At cost. Russell, McDonald and Co.

Work on the Romulus.

The Albion Iron Works Co. yesterday commenced to tear the broken and damaged plates off the collier Romulus. The contract for the repairs will be let to-morrow.

Saturday Half Holidays.

The dentists of the city have commenced closing their offices at 1 o'clock on Saturday. This will be continued during the summer months. Many of the other professional and business men will shortly follow suit.

The Reports Untrue.

One of the city police spent yesterday in the James Bay district trying to find the store and residence reported as having been robbed. Neither place could be located, and the conclusion is reached that the stories were simply fabrications. A number of the robberies of the last few weeks have never been reported to the police.

The Case Appealed.

The case of the young man George Thompson, sentenced by Magistrate Macrae to two months' imprisonment for assaulting a Chinaman, has been appealed and the young fellow has been released on bail pending the hearing. Thompson claims that he did not strike the Chinaman. S. Perry Mills represents Thompson.

Friday's Meeting.

Friday evening's meeting of the general celebration committee should be an enthusiastic one. Almost every club in the city has elected delegates, and these with the committee appointed should be able to draft a programme superior even to previous ones. The large majority are in favor of having the regatta on the Gorge. They contend that half the pleasure of the day would be ruined by having it on the harbor.

On the Anxious Seat.

The first mail from the east will most likely bring advices for Collector A. R. Milne of the sealing indemnity money. The lump sum, it is learned, is $20,000. The sealing men are looking forward rather anxiously to the arrival of the money, probably as much out of curiosity as anything else. As far as they are concerned or anyone else in British Columbia, it is a sort of prize package scheme. They know what they asked for, but do not know what they are going to draw. The money on the way here represents just 20 per cent. of what they asked for in the first place, and will not cover what they are actually out of pocket in cash. It has simmered down into a very small matter.

Mrs. Sears Wins the Appeal.

The supreme court of the state of Washington has affirmed the decision of the superior court of King county in which Mrs. Annie Sears, wife of Mr. Frank I. Sears, formerly of the Times, was awarded a verdict of $15,000 damages against the Seattle Consolidated Street Railway Company. Mrs. Sears was injured by jumping from one of the company's cars in Seattle on September 16th, 1891, to escape being injured in a collision with a wagon. The railway company appealed on the ground of excessive damages, but the court affirmed the decision and in doing so calls attention to the fact that Mrs. Sears was rendered an invalid for life by the accident.

CONTRACT AWARDED.

Work to Commence To-Morrow on the Quarantine Buildings.

The contract for the new quarantine buildings at William's Head has been awarded to Messrs. Bishop and Sherbourne of this city. A dispatch to that effect has been received from Ottawa and work will be commenced immediately although the contract has not yet been signed. The contractors will go to William's Head in the morning to make arrangements to commence work. They will take a gang of workmen down and establish a camp until the buildings are completed. The orders from Ottawa were "Lose no time."

The firm's tender for the main building and two wings was between ten and eleven thousand dollars. The buildings will be 90x150 feet and will be constructed of brick, stone and lumber. The main building will be two stories high, the two wings being each one story.

Mr. McFarlane, also of Victoria, has been awarded the contract for the doctor's residence. It will cost about $5000.

The contracts will be forwarded from Ottawa immediately for signature. Work, however, will go on, arrangements having been made with the contractors to commence work immediately.

The wharf at William's Head is now about completed so that there will be no difficulty in landing the building material on the spot.

To Artists.

Raphael Tuck's copies at half price to close. J. JOHNSTON & CO.*

Social Dance.

The Philharmonic orchestra will give a social dance at Harmony hall on Saturday evening. Dancing from 8 till 12. Admission, gents 50 cents, ladies free. *

A Sprained Ankle.

Frank Campbell is confined to bed with a sprained ankle. He was skylarking around his store, when he slipped and twisted his ankle. He will be laid up for several days.

Manager's Meeting.

The regular monthly meeting of the managers of the Protestant Orphans' Home will be held this evening at the Home. Routine business will be dealt with.

Refused to Strike.

The city hall clock refused to strike at 5 o'clock last evening, in spite of the agitation made by the works. The repairers went to work this morning and now the clock rings out as loud as ever.

On a Pleasure Trip.

Mr. James C. Morgan, of Barrie, Ont., is in the city and will remain for some time. He will visit other places on the coast and in the province before returning east. Mr. Morgan is inspector of schools for Simcoe county. He is deputy grand master for Ontario of the A. F. and A. M.

The Champion Arrives.

H. M. S. Champion arrived in Esquimalt at noon to-day, 60 days from Coquimbo. The officers report little news. The ship will probably do patrol duty in Behring Sea this year. The Champion makes the third ship in Esquimalt, which will give the navy a good representation for the Queen's birthday celebration.

Police Court Doings.

Neil Nelson was convicted of being drunk after a hearing in police court this morning, but it being his first offence he was discharged. William Bradley did not walk briskly to the front when his case, a charge of vagrancy, was called. In fact, he did not come at all. A warrant was ordered to issue for his arrest. He was summoned yesterday.

Lacrosse Shoes

Fifty cents, seventy-five cents and one dollar per pair at Russell and McDonald's.

Joint Entertainment.

The committee for the first entertainment of the W. C. T. U. and I. O. G. T. April 26th have an excellent programme prepared. Mr. St. Clair is busy initiating a class of young ladies into the mysteries of the fan drill. Club-swinging will also be one of the features of the evening. A number of Victoria's favorite vocalists have promised to assist and with the addition of recitations, instrumental music and refreshments a most enjoyable evening is in prospect.

His Last Voyage.

William McLeod Macdonald, formerly a pilot of British Columbia, died at the Jubilee Hospital this morning. He was a native of Inverness, Scotland, aged 56, and had lived in the province for fifteen years. Deceased was for a number of years in the Hudson Bay Company's service. A family of three boys and one daughter, Mrs. A. V. Bond, survive him. The funeral will take place on Saturday at 2:30 from Jubilee Hospital.

The Louise Returns.

The steamer Princess Louise arrived from the north this morning with a few passengers, a small freight and very little news. She passed through a snow storm after leaving Port Simpson that lasted four days. The three Indians arrested by Supt. Hussey when he was north on the Quadra were taken from Albert Bay to Port Simpson. The passengers by the Louise were Geo. Cunningham, Wm. Lee and H. Kirkland.

3000 Carpet Samples

At Russell and McDonald's.

"How to Cure All Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWAYNE'S OINTMENT. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. ttsaw

49er Hams and Glasgow Beef Hams at R. H. Jameson's, 33 Fort Street.

Police Make a Discovery.

The police have in custody two men believed to be members of a gang of sneak thieves. Yesterday afternoon a coat was stolen from the front of B. Williams & Co.'s store on Johnson street. Police Officer Abel was detailed on the case and last evening he arrested James Shea and William Yonge. Shea was positively identified as the man who stole the coat, while Yonge was shown to have been in his company. This morning Constables Abel and Cameron searched their cabin at Quadra and Johnson streets and turned up a lot of fine silk shawls and embroidered silk handkerchiefs valued at $100. The goods are held at police headquarters for identification. Shea was up in the police court this morning charged with larceny, but the case went over until to-morrow.

SPENCER'S ARCADE

New Goods By Express To-Day.

25 New Jackets and Capes.
36 Parasols, Novelties.
Ladies' Linen Vests and Fronts.
THE VERY LATEST THING.
A Case of Silk and Cotton Lace.
CREAM, BLACK, BEIGE, BROWN, Etc.

D. SPENCER, Government St.

The Man Who Wears Shoes

wants, first of all, shoes to wear—likes to look at 'em when they're off, perhaps, but he buys them to wear.

Our $3 Shoe

doesn't disappoint him—it wears—it looks well, too.

Gilmore & McCandless,
35 AND 37 JOHNSON ST.
Telephone Call 563.

J. Horner & Co.

ARGYLE HOUSE.

Special Value

1 CASE ALL WOOL SERGES,
Double Width, 35c. a yard, or 3 yards for a dollar.

A Very Fine Line of
ALL WOOL DEBEIGES
42 inches wide, 40c. and 50c. a yard.

A Big Lot of DRESS GOODS
to arrive in a few days, in the Latest Styles.

1 Case more of those
BLACK CORSETS
At $1.00 a pair.

A Large Range of
NEW EMBROIDERIES
In all widths.

J. Horner & Co.

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RESTAURANT, BAKERY AND OYSTER SALOON,
116 and 118 Government Street.
Now Open Day and Night
AT THE OLD STAND.
THREE DINING ROOMS FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.
The Finest in the City. Meals at all hours. Telephone Call 161.
YOUNG BROS.

NEW GOODS
FOR Spring AND Summer
JUST RECEIVED.
A. GREGG & SON,
Tailors, 62 Yates St.
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S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practicle experience of over 25 years. mar4

JUST ARRIVED
German Salt Pickles,
Fresh California Grass Butter,
Delicious Honey,
IN FRAMES OR GLASS.
DUTCH
LIMBURG
SWISS
CALIFORNIAN
CANADIAN
Cheese
Try our HAMS AND BACON.
FRESH EASTERN OYSTERS AT
FRANCK'S GROCERY,
Cor. Fort and Quadra Sts.
5 Per Cent. Discount on ALL Purchases.

Tan Shoes

ALL SIZES STYLES AND PRICES AT

A. B. Erskine's
CORNER GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STS.

To Let or for Sale.

House on Silvia Street with unobstructed view of the Straits. Drawing room, dining room, 4 bedrooms, etc. Drained to the sea.
J. GERHARD TIARKS,
Architect.
39½ Government St., Victoria, B.C. mar28-td

14th Annual Derby Sweep
3000 TICKETS, $5 EACH.
$9000 Divided Equally Among Starters
$6000 Divided Equally Among Non-Starters.
DRAWING, MAY 29. RACE, MAY 31.
R. H. BRAND,
Billiard Room, Windsor Hotel, Montreal.
NOTE—No Special Prize to 1st, 2nd or 3rd. 241 Horses entered.—If 15 start, each starter will draw $600. Leaving 226 Non-Starters to divide $6,000, about $27 each. Guaranteed to fill. ap10-5w

Atlantic Steamship Lines.

Tickets to and from Europe via CHICAGO AND THE WORLD'S FAIR, through NEW YORK, BOSTON and CANADIAN PORTS, via any Atlantic Steamship Lines. For particulars, dates, rates, etc. Apply to
ALLAN CAMERON,
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All Other Baking Powders
Leave traces of Ammonia, Alum, Alkali or Acid in the Food.
Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Is the only Baking Powder that is free from any taint of adulteration or defect.
Dr. Price's is indispensable when perfect work and wholesome food are desired.
Its higher raising power and marvelous purity make it more economical than any other.

IDIOTIC ETIQUETTE.

A STRIKINGLY EXTREME INSTANCE OF THE MEDICAL ARTICLE.

If the Rule Exists Under Which the Following Events Occurred It Ought to be Abolished At Once—A Helpless Patient and a Stubborn Doctor.

Within the present week in this city, says the Boston Advertiser, occurred an incident that is typical of the extreme to which professional etiquette may be carried. A patient lay ill of a raging fever, whose progress, apparently, had not been prevented or mitigated by the remedies prescribed by the doctor "in charge" of the case. That doctor was even distasteful to the latter, but had been called in merely because he happened to be near at hand. The sick man protested strongly against the continuance of the seemingly useless treatment and insisted that his family physician should be called. In a spirit of courtesy, the attending physician was told of the facts and of the wish of the patient. The family doctor was summoned and was met by the attending physician. The two doctors had a private consultation, and as a result the attending physician announced that he would "remain in charge," despite the objections of the patient and the family, despite the knowledge that every visit so irritated and exasperated the patient as to increase the fever of the helpless but thoroughly indignant victim. The family then made an almost piteous appeal to the family physician to visit the patient, whose condition was such as to occasion grave alarm and the most depressing fears, but the reply was made that no reputable physician in Massachusetts would so imperil his standing under the rules which govern physicians as to attend a patient so long as the "attending physician" refused his consent.

The facts in the case are indisputable, and are given from personal knowledge. The consideration that under the circumstances the very life of the patient might be endangered made no impression upon the two doctors, who looked only to the "etiquette" of their profession. If the medical practitioners stated the rule correctly, one doctor in this commonwealth may have the conceded right to prohibit the attendance of another doctor on a patient, no matter what the wishes or state of the sick man may be, and as a result of an exaggerated deference to this "etiquette" it is possible to suppose that a patient, constantly irritated and excited under a condition that demands rest and quiet, may die, but the senseless etiquette must have been observed. It may be true that the case cited is an unusual one, and it can readily be conceded that there are many humane doctors who would not allow an empty form of etiquette to stand in their way under such circumstances. Yet it still remains to be said that if any custom or rule exists to justify such a proceeding as was so rigidly observed in the instance noted, that rule or custom ought to be abolished. Many eminent members of the medical profession have been arguing in favor of a law to prohibit "quacks" from practicing in this state. Arguments of a cogent nature have been brought forward to support the proposition. Yet it remains to be said in that connection that if the commonwealth were to allow "regular" practitioners to pursue business, and if any rule existed to deprive a family of the right to employ whatever practitioner it pleased, whenever it pleased, the change would not be entirely for the better. Indeed, if any such rule or practice now exist among physicians of the existing schools, it is to be feared that the members of that profession have already more power than they should have. Such an arrangement merely represents a huge "trust" or "pool," and is in the nature of an imposition on the public. In the case cited both doctors seem equally to blame—one for imperilling the health of a patient to serve personal ends, and the other for allowing a mere rule, custom or understanding to stand in the way of duty to the sick.

A Cascade of Hot Water.

At a point in the gorge or canon we halted by some tremendous bowlders to examine a cascade of hot water. I have seen what are called hot springs in many places, but generally the warm water ekes out from a spring in a low level. This is the only place that I have ever heard of where hot water in sufficient volume to turn a large mill comes from a mountain side, rushing down in a succession of beautiful cascades to empty into the river. The water in not warm; it is hot, absolutely so hot that the hand of an Indian cannot be retained in the creek for a minute.

The Indians say it is a sure cure for all sorts of sores. To test this, I bathed my hands and wrists that were covered with troublesome fly and mosquito bites, and can testify truthfully that I was at once relieved of the disagreeable effects of the poison, and the following morning nearly every trace of the fly stings had disappeared from hands that were covered. This spot is called Puco, or Yaquilio, and located a few hours above Quillocaca.—Letter from the Andes Trail.

Gladstone's Crowning Triumph.

The impression of physical and mental power which Mr. Gladstone gave to the crowded House of Commons when he made his great speech on home rule the other day is indicated by the following extract from a report in a London journal: "The clock marks one hour and a half of continuous speech and continuous development of a scheme as complex as a demonstration in advanced mathematics—from the period of his opening phrase. He is to go on for three-quarters of an hour more. When he successfully achieves his peroration I come away with the thought that I have witnessed an extraordinary display of human faculty which no age that comes after me will be able to surpass." The speech seems to be the crowning triumph of an old man's long life of triumphs. By it Mr. Gladstone answered the sneers of his foes about "senility" and "decrepitude" as effectually as Sophocles convinced the Athenian court of his sanity, when past 80, by reading before his accusers scenes from his latest and greatest play.

This May be True.

An Egyptian scythe, dug up on the banks of the Nile in 1890, and said to be as old as Moses, is exhibited among the antiquities in the private museum of Flinders Petrie, London. The shaft of the instrument is of wood, set with a row of fine flint saws, which are securely cemented in a groove. This discovery answers the oft-asked question: "How did the stone-age man harvest his crops?"

READING THE HUMAN FACE.

How to Trace in its Lineaments Intellectual Characteristics.

As the varying emotions of life are written upon our plastic faces, the dermatologist, in examining and treating so many facial blemishes and irregularities, becomes skilled in reading the character as expressed in the lines of the face. Thus the horizontal lines seen upon the forehead are produced by mental anxiety, the worry and fret of life. They indicate a tendency to nervous anxiety, and are wholly opposed to the serenity of unruffled brows. If the upper part of the forehead is intersected with conspicuous lines, especially if they are circular, arched wrinkles, while the under part of the brow is smooth, the subject is certainly droll and stupid, and almost incapable of any abstraction.

Benevolence is indicated by short horizontal lines just above the roof of the nose. When found just below the roof of the nose they show one used to exercise authority, especially when it takes the form of forbidding.

Noses which easily and continually turn up in wrinkles are seldom to be found in truly good men.

A single vertical wrinkle between the eyebrows shows strict honesty in money matters. A disposition to require justice in others is shown by two wrinkles each side of the first. Wrinkles outward from these show conscientiousness.

These lines are often marked in those deeply absorbed in business, in thinkers, writers and inventors; and with straight lowered brows indicate strong concentration of purpose, long and hard thinking, absorption in affairs. The lines raying outward from the eyes show capacity of employment as well as the two deep furrows forming the mouth by the upper lip; they are the penalty we pay for mirth and for the future channel of the tear.

Clearness on the power of perceiving and expressing truth clearly, especially when the lines turn outward from the nose to the cheek. These lines are deepened when pleasurable sensations draw back the upper lip, or it is extended by laughter, therefore they indicate capacity for such sensations.

Scorn forms a transerve line between the lower lip and the end of the chin, the under lip is pushed outward, the chin rises upward.

The close-shut mouth, with downward lines at the angles tells of a miser, deaf to the cries of human needs.

Hospitality marks the face with irregular curved lines not far from the outer angles of the mouth—when they are pronounced a warm welcome is given the stranger within the gates. Economy broadens the nose, making it rather short and thick above the nostrils; it gives in age a broad double chin.

The wrinkle extending from the side of the nostrils toward the end of the mouth is one of the most significant. On its obliquity, its length, its nearness to or distance from the mouth depends the evidence of the whole character. If it is curved without gradation or undulation it is a certain sign of stupidity. Also when the extremity joins without an interval the ends of the lips as well as when it is at a great distance from the ends of the lips.

A masculine character is shown by straight eyebrows; arched eyebrows show a feminine character. When this is accompanied by a round, open eye, one sees much but reflects little. One often finds this type among curious children before reason has developed but while memory is active.

The pug or retrousse nose shows a quick, pert and saucy nature, one quick to take offense, while the aquiline nose indicates a mild, prepossessing, sensitive and loving disposition.

The mouth, ears, eyes, all are affected by the mind and reveal the higher or lower tendency of the character as faithfully as the looking glass reflects the objects before it.

The skilled dermatologist can do much to develope the desirable lines and features of the face and can remove most of the objectionable ones, but it remains with the individual to remove the cause of objectionable features by adopting a higher moral plane of thought and action.

Intermittent Drinking.

There would be little use in my describing what I believe to be the cause and the course of intermittent drinking, unless I set forth my experience as to the various methods in use to check or cure the disease. It may be asked, "Has not a man a will power, and can he not of his own volition abstain from what he knows to be simply self-destruction?" My answer, unhappily, must be that a man who has once fairly fallen into the drink habit, whether constant or intermittent, has scarcely any will power while that fit is on him, and, as I have said, each fit leaves his will feebler and less able to withstand the temptation of a sedative of which he has proved the power, and of which he is too prone to forget the danger.

The intermittent drinker, as soon as he has abstained for a few weeks, forgets the disastrous effects of his attack. He believes himself as temperate and discreet a man as any of his friends who takes his pint bottle of claret at dinner and seldom takes more. He does not see why he should not do likewise. It is the hardest thing to convince an intermittent drunkard, who is able to abstain for a period, that he can never by any chance become a moderate drinker. Nevertheless, the principle of his drinking is distinct from that of a moderate man. If he tries to return to his two or three glasses of claret he is absolutely certain to go on to his secret "nip" of brandy or of whiskey, and his "nips" will increase and he will find himself back again in the old road to ruin. That patient, if he really wants to be cured, must clearly make up his mind that it must be total abstinence or self-destruction—gradual, perhaps, but not the less sure.

Stub End of Thought.

God made the flowers for the sunshine to play with.

A kiss is double-barreled bliss.

Matrimony comes in sealed packages.

Avarice is green persimmons to the soul.

Pleasure is narrow; happiness is wide.

The wise man holds his tongue in his hand.

There is no telling what the world would have been like if woman had been created first instead of last.

Theology never saved a soul.

A woman is never afraid to brave a man.

Rubbing It In.

An editor received a manuscript poem recently, accompanied by a note from the author, which said: "Having been compelled to stay indoors to-day on account of the weather, I have composed the above poem to send to you."

Mackie's Pure Highland Scotch Whiskies

MACKIE'S SELECTED LAGAVULIN.

MACKIE'S VERY RARE OLD SPECIAL.

MACKIE'S OLD BLEND of the WHITE HORSE Cellar.

The famous LAGAVULIN DISTILLERY, ISLAND OF ISLAY, SCOTLAND. The Lagavulin Whisky is famous for its fine quality, being made from pure Scotch Malt only, and has long been the favorite beverage of Sportsmen. The most eminent Physicians of the day prescribe it where a stimulant is required.

Lagavulin Distillery, Islay,
Laphroaig Distillery, Islay,
Craig-Ellachie Distillery, Glenlivet.
Glendronach Distillery, Aberdeenshire,
Kintyre Distillery, Campbeltown,
Longrow Distillery, Campbeltown.

MACKIE & Co., 13 Carlton Place, Glasgow, Scotland.

THE TRADE SUPPLIED BY

THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.

NEW GOODS

Imported Direct from the English Market.

SCOTCH TWEED SUITS FROM $23 to $35.
IRISH SERGE SUITS FROM $28 to $35.
PANTS FROM $6 to $12.

COME EARLY and get first choice.

Walter D. Kinnaird.

THE CASH TAILOR, 46 JOHNSON STREET

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SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.

Established 1873.

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Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

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PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized, Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

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New Business for 1892, - - $19,517,516.00
Insurance in force Dec. 31, 1892, 76,843,241.00

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OFFICE: 43½ GOVERNMENT ST.

The Weekly Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.

Subscription, $2 per annum in advance; postage in addition to foreign countries.

Address,

THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 17.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday, September 30th, 1892.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

BOUND SOUTH.

No. 1 Passenger Daily.	STATIONS	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.	Miles from Wellington.
Ar. 12 20 P M	WELLINGTON Lv.	Ar. 5 55 P M	72
12 30	NANAIMO	5 54	71
12 10	OYSTER BAY SIDING	5 44	67
11 55	CHEMAINUS	5 30	62
11 10	BOWNESS	4 50	53
10 50	COBBLE HILL	4 24	48
10 37	MCPHERSON'S	4 14	45
10 21	KOKSILAH	3 58	42
10 11	GLENORA	3 48	39
10 07	MESACHIE	3 44	38
9 50	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	3 34	35
9 35	SUMMIT SIDING	3 19	32
9 15	GOLDSTREAM	3 05	28
8 15	SUMMIT SIDING	2 14	12
8 00	COLWOOD	1 59	9
8 25	ESQUIMALT		
8 10	VICTORIA Ar.		

NORTH BOUND.

No. 2 Passenger Daily.	STATIONS	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.	Miles from Victoria.
Dep. 8 00 A M	VICTORIA Dep.	Dep. 2 30 P M	7
8 04	ESQUIMALT	2 34	11
8 06	COLWOOD	2 40	13
8 16	GOLDSTREAM	2 50	16
8 23	SUMMIT SIDING	2 57	19
8 34	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	3 08	22
8 44	COBBLE HILL	3 18	25
8 57	MCPHERSON'S	3 31	28
9 07	KOKSILAH	3 41	31
9 17	GLENORA	3 51	34
9 21	MESACHIE	3 55	35
9 37	BOWNESS	4 11	38
9 52	CHEMAINUS	4 26	43
10 22	OYSTER BAY SIDING	4 56	52
10 48	NANAIMO	5 22	61
11 15	WELLINGTON	5 53	72
Ar. 11 35			
Dep. 11 50		6 14	
Ar. 12 10 P M		6 29	

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

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—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

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The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

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Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address

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No. 1113 Pacific Ave., Washington Block
E. P. ROGERS Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agt. Tacoma, Wash.

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Northern Pacific

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Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed,

PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment,

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

—ELEGANT DAY COACHES—

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

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Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

SPEED 18 knots — Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON." — TONNAGE 1117

8 00 am	Lv	MI	...*Tacoma...	110	Ar	5 15 am
10 15 am	Lv	28	....Seattle....	82	Lv	3 00 am
1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	38	Lv	11 45 pm
4 30 pm	Ar	110	...Victoria†...	MI	Lv	8 30 pm

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make connections at Port Townsend for passengers from Bellingham Bay points to Victoria and return.

Whatcom Route. S.S. CITY OF SEATTLE.

6 00 pm	Lv	MI	..‡†Tacoma...	132	Ar	4 30 pm
9 00 pm	Lv	28	....Seattle....	100	Lv	2 30 pm
12 15 am	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend.	55	Lv	11 30 am
2 45 am	Lv	101	..Anacortes..	21	Lv	9 15 am
7 45 am	Ar	123	..Fairhaven..	3	Lv	8 00 am
6 10 am	Ar	131	....Sehome....	1	Lv	7 30 am
4 30 am	Ar	132	...Whatcom...	MI	Lv	6 00 am

‡Close connections with Northern Pacific trains from Portland and San Francisco.

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make close connections at Tacoma wharf with trains to and from Portland, and with the east and west bound overland trains.

Port Townsend Mail Route.

	Lv	MI			A	
11 00 pm	Lv	28	...*Seattle....	58	Ar	0 pm
12 30 am	Lv	39	.Port Madison	47	Lv	2 10 pm
	Lv	45	...Kingston...	41	Lv	
3 00 am	Lv	49	.Port Gamble.	31	Lv	11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	73	.Port Ludlow.	13	Lv	10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	86	‡Pt. Townsend	MI	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Saturday.
‡ Daily except Monday.

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THE SHORT ROUTE TO

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Fares $5 to $10 Less than any Other Route.

Luxurious Drawing Room and Sleeping Cars Upholstered Tourist Cars, Free Colonist Sleepers.

Through Rates and Tickets to and from Europe by all Steamship Lines.

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EMPRESS OF CHINA,
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Northern Pacific

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THE NORTHERN PACIFIC

Railroad Company,

the Shortest Route to

Japan and China.

Proposed Sailing of Steamers:

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION)

WILL LEAVE VICTORIA

S. S. MOGUL, April 19,
S. S. VICTORIA, May 10,
S. S. TACOMA, June 11,

And thereafter the permanent service of the Company's regular steamers.

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DODWELL, CARLILL & CO.,
Gen. Agts. Trounce Avenue, Victoria, or
E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Agt. N. P. R. R. Co., Victoria. se20

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 5 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Valdez Island every alternate Thursday at ..... 7 a.m.
Returning same day
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

For Honolulu,

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Wednesday, May 10, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa.....THURSDAY, April 27th, 1893, 3 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the Eastern mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.

no2

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails,

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 12 A.M.

Umatilla - - - April 24

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 19

Taking effect March 25, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 12 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock
For Pender Island Wednesday at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock
For Pender Island Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports every Monday at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the first and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLTON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

MEN'S SUMMER SUITS, $5.75, $6.75, $8.50, $10 and upwards. EASTERN TAILOR MADE SUITS, TO MEASURE, Fit and Finish Guaranteed.
BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS, $2.25, $2.50, $3, $3.50 and upwards.
BEST ASSORTMENT EVER SHOWN IN VICTORIA. + +
B. WILLIAMS & Co. Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

MUSIC AT THE PARK.

Majority of the Aldermen in Favor of Music on Sunday.

THE BATTERY BAND OFFERS TO PLAY

Regular Business Disposed Of at Last Evening's Meeting of the Board of Aldermen -- Reports, Motions and Communications Considered.

The regular meeting of the board of aldermen was held last evening, Mayor Beaven in the chair. There were present Ald. McKillican, Styles, Belyea, Miller, Henderson, Munn, Baker, Bragg, and McTavish.

Mayor Beaven called attention to inaccuracies in the health by-law, which were rectified. One of the inaccuracies made the by-law provide that notices should be posted on the occupier of a house. Some one suggested that the occupier might object to having his clothes ruined by a bill poster and his paste.

The sewerage commissioners' by-law was finally carried.

Mayor Beaven presented the report of the returning officer, announcing the passage of the drainage by-law. The by-law was reconsidered and finally passed by the council.

The reports of the finance committee, reporting on the payment of accounts and recommending the payment of others, were received and adopted.

The city assessor reported that he had examined the petition of E. G. Prior and others against the improvement of Montrose avenue. There were three petitioners representing $5,000 worth of land against the improvements and three petitioners for the improvements representing $9,000 worth of property. The petitioners against the improvements had therefore failed. The report was received and filed.

The city assessor presented a similar report in reference to the petition of John Grant and others against improvements to Stanley avenue. There were three petitioners representing $5,300 worth of realty and eight non-petitioners representing $27,400 worth of property. The report was received and filed.

The engineer of the Victoria & Sidney railway wrote enclosing a map showing the proposed route of the railway along the shores of Elk and Beaver lakes. The letter was referred to the special committee who are looking into V. & S. affairs.

Col. Holmes offered the services of C Battery band to play at Beacon Hill park from 3 to 4:30 and 8 to 9:30 p.m. at Beacon Hill and the Market Hall on alternate Saturday afternoons providing the council would provide conveyance to and from the barracks.

Ald. Miller spoke in favor of Sunday concerts at the park. He moved that the letter be acknowledged with thanks and Col. Holmes be notified that many persons could not enjoy the band on Saturdays.

Ald. McTavish explained that Col. Holmes had told him that he would not object to the band playing at the Hill on Sunday if the council asked him to allow them to do so.

Ald. Belyea was in favor of Colonel Holmes' proposition. He moved that the offer be accepted with thanks.

Ald. McKillican objected to the band playing on Sunday.

Ald. Munn said the bandsmen had expressed a desire to play on Sundays instead of Saturdays.

Mayor Beaven thought it would be offensive to many people in the city.

Ald. Henderson remembered that a great many people gathered at the Hill when the band was playing on Sunday afternoons. The crowd was an orderly one and enjoyed the music greatly. It was surely not as bad as the noise made on the streets on Sunday by a certain band. It might be said that many persons objected to music on Saturdays.

Ald. Miller contended that the majority were in favor of music on Sunday.

Ald. Belyea's motion was defeated.

Ald. Ald. McTavish moved that the communication be reconsidered.

Mayor Beaven ruled the motion out of order.

The following letter from President DeCosmos of the V.S. & N.W. Railway Company was referred to a special committee to report.

Victoria, April 19, 1893.

To His Worship the Mayor and Aldermen:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor, in accordance with the advice and concurrence of the directors of the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Company, to inform you that negotiations are now pending for the purpose of completing all necessary arrangements to secure the immediate commencement and vigorous prosecution till completed of the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway, in accordance with the provisions of the charter of the company and that such negotiations are likely to be completed within a brief period.

Under such circumstances I am instructed to ask the municipal council to defer any present action calculated to alter the existing relations between the company and the corporation, and particularly with reference to the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Interest Bonus By-law, 1889, as such action may jeopardise the negotiations now pending, and operate disastrously to the best interests of this city, and also to the company who have expended a large amount of money, as well as a long period of time, in endeavoring to secure rapid communication between this city and the cities of the near Mainland.

(Sgd.) A. DECOSMOS,
Pres. of the V.S. & N.W. RY. CO.

Ald. Munn asked if the council was prepared to bonus two railways covering the same grounds.

Ald. McTavish considered that it might be dangerous to subsidize parallel lines.

The letter was referred to a special committee consisting of Ald. Belyea, Bragg and Henderson.

A complaint about the streets not being named was referred to the street committee.

Messrs. Drake, Jackson and Helmcken for Mr. C. Bossi asked that the city replace a fence damaged by corporation workmen. Referred to the street committee.

Secretary Elliott of the board of fire underwriters wrote stating that he had been instructed by the executive of the fire underwriters to call attention to the urgency of adopting the recommendations made by the chief engineer. He called particular attention to Victoria West and stated that if some steps were not taken the company would have to raise the rates in that locality.

Ald. Munn moved that the letter be acknowledged and Mr. Elliott informed that the matter was under consideration.

The board of trade building association asked for the usual allowance for an asphaltum sidewalk. The request was granted.

Ald. Munn moved his motion in reference to the repeal of the by-law to aid the V. S. & N. W. railway.

Ald. McKillican suggested that the motion be laid over until the committee to whom Mr. DeCosmos' letter had been referred had presented their report.

Ald. Munn did not think the city could bonus two railways to run over the same ground. The V. S. & N. W. railway by-law had been on the books for four years, but so far nothing had been done by the company.

The motion was laid over.

Ald. Munn moved that a committee be appointed for the purpose of considering the advisability of notifying the Esquimalt Water Works Company to furnish the city with a supply of pure water in the quantity and for such period as will enable the corporation to make such improvements at the source of the present system as may be deemed necessary and to make any other recommendations to the council.

Ald. Bragg thought it would be better to have a report from the engineer before anything was done.

Ald. Styles thought that lots of water could be obtained from Elk lake without going to Goldstream.

Ald. Belyea advised the aldermen to consider the matter carefully. If a contract was entered into with the Esquimalt Water Works Co. it would be a big one. The amount paid out would pay the interest on a big loan to improve the present system.

Ald. McKillican could not support the resolution. There was lots of water in Elk lake to supply the city for some time.

Ald. Munn did not suppose that any of the aldermen would admit that the water supply was what it should be. If any large improvements had to be made to the system the water would have to come from some other place or Beaver lake would have to be thoroughly cleaned out. He was not in favor of entering into a contract with the Esquimalt Water Works Co., but a committee should be appointed to enquire into the question. There was no use of talking about better fire protection if there was not a better water supply.

Mayor Beaven was reminded by Ald. Munn's remarks of what he (the mayor) had said 25 years ago. Elk lake was not high enough to supply the city with water.

The motion was lost.

Ald. Miller was granted leave to introduce a by-law to amend the aldermen's indemnity by-law.

Ald. Baker moved that the city engineer be authorized to determine and establish upon the ground, stone, or other monuments of a permanent description which shall be the governing points for the purpose of defining the centre and side lines of all streets within the area of the municipal limits of the corporation bounded by the following streets: On the north by the north side of Bastion street, on the south by the south line of Humboldt street, on the east by Government street and west by the west side of Wharf street.

The motion was adopted.

Tenders for coal and wood were read from Hall, Goepel & Co., W. Walker, W. Broderick, S. F. McIntosh, C. Ratray and the Central coal yard. The tenders were all the same with the exception of 25 cents a cord in the price of wood.

It was suggested that the coal dealers be patronized in turn.

The tenders were referred to the electric light committee.

Ald McTavish's by-law to authorize the council to borrow $10,000 for the public park was read a first and second time and considered in committee.

Council adjourned at 11:15.

INTERESTING CALCULATION.

The Estimated Cost of Christopher Columbus' First Voyage.

A German geographer, Professor Ruge, has busied himself in attempts to answer the interesting question what it cost to discover America. The records of the cost of the caravels themselves do not seem to be extant, but the archives of Palos show what was the amount paid for the actual expenses of the voyage. It foots up 1,140,000 maravedies, but what was the purchasing power of the maravedi at the end of the fifteenth century, or how it can be translated into modern terms, seems much more difficult than in respect to the mediaeval coinage of some other countries than Spain, as to the modern equivalent of which coinage historians have arrived at an agreement that is deemed to be a close approximation to accuracy, and is habitually argued from as such.

The researches of the German professor led him to the conclusion, however, that the first voyage cost, as nearly as possible, $7500. The items of this expenditure are not less curious than the extreme modesty of the aggregate. The yearly pay of the "admiral" was $320, of the captains $192 each, of the pilots from $132 to 153.50, and of a surgeon but $38.35. The ship's surgeon was then, apparently, as he sometimes is now, a medical student who was more eager for adventure than for profit. As for the sailors, their monthly allowance was sometimes less than $2.50.

Considering the revenue to Spain itself within the two centuries that followed the discovery in gold and silver alone, the return from the outlay upon Columbus' expedition makes that outlay perhaps the most profitable commercial operation in the history of the world. The voyage itself will be admitted to have been astonishingly cheap. It is to be hoped that an accurate account has been kept and will be published of the expenses of the voyage which has just been made by the reproduced caravels, so that a parallel may be drawn in this respect also. Even from the fifteenth century point of view, it is evident that the voyage of Columbus was too small an affair to attract the attention of the politicians. There was nothing in it for them. In fact, the outfitting of the expedition that discovered America was an undertaking so petty that it would not now attract the cupidity of a "district leader."

Tamilkande reminds you of the tea of thirty years ago.

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

49er Hams and Glasgow Beef Hams at R. H. Jameson's, 33 Fort Street.

Drink Tamilkande Tea.

Egyptology.

In her interesting book entitled "Pharaoh, Fellahs and Explorers," Miss Amelia B. Edwards, who is an Egyptologist of the front rank, gives an entertaining account of ancient Egyptian notions of immortality. Man, emerging from barbarism, is like an intelligent child, full of curiosity about himself. He is puzzled by the mystery of his own existence, and according to his limited experience he seeks to account for that mystery. Now, the ancient inhabitants of the Nile Valley accounted for themselves in a very elaborate and philosophical fashion. They conceived of man as a composite being, consisting of at least six parts, viz., a body, a soul, an intelligence, a shadow, a name and another element called in Egyptian Ka. The co-operation of these six parts as one harmonious whole constituted the living man. But they were dissociated by death, and could be reunited only after a long probation. When so reunited it was forever. Meanwhile, being dead, the body lay inert in the tomb, the soul performed its pious pilgrimage through a dream-haunted valley of shades; the intelligence, freed from mortal incumbrance, wandered through space; the shadow and the name awaited the return of the soul when its pilgrimage should be accomplished, and the Ka dwelt with the mummy in the sepulcher.

Miss Edwards considers this Ka to be the life principle in man. Being vital, it requires nourishment, and hence it was a matter of daily prayer among the Egyptians that the Kas of their dear departed might be provided with a series of good square meals. Being divine the Ka was immortal. And around this the disjecta membra should by and by reunite.

Miss Edwards suggests that this Egyptian word Ka is none other than the Hebrew word khai, meaning "life." "It may be," she says, "that the Greeks borrowed their 'vital spark,' as they borrowed so much else, from the Egyptians. At any rate, the Hebrews (who carried away out of Egypt even more intellectual spoils than spoils of silver, gold and raiment) were indebted to their taskmasters for their doctrines of the khai, or life. They, in fact, borrowed not only the idea, but the very word."

A Significant Essay.

Time is divided into seconds, minutes, hours, days, weeks, months, years and centurys. If we expect to become great and good men and be respected and esteemed by our friends we must improve our time when we are young. George Washington improved his time when he was a boy, and he was not sorry when he was at the head of a large army fighting for his country. A great many of our great men were poor and had but small means of obtaining an education, but by improving their time when they were young, and in school they obtained their high standing. Jackson was a poor boy, but he was placed in school and by improving his time he found himself a President of the United States, guiding and directing a powerful nation. If we wish to become great and useful in the world we must improve our time in school.—Written by President Grover Cleveland when nine years of age.

The Future of Women.

The strongly felt need of our educated womankind for earnest employment tends unmistakably to development in that direction. But in that event what is to be done with the children? Are they to be made a public care as in the old Greek commonwealth? Are they to be nurtured by system and for hardihood, without the education of tender sympathy and loving partiality of protection? Is softness of sentiment to be eliminated from their natures in the process of education? Are we to breed a race of men without tenderness and women without a yearning to coddle and comfort their own little ones?

After all, it is safe to consider the question of happiness as the sole guide in determining what conditions women shall seek for their lives? What is the opinion of women themselves on the subject?—New York World.

Red, Rich, Blood

As naturally results from taking Hood's Sarsaparilla as personal cleanliness results from free use of soap and water. This great purifier thoroughly expels scrofula, salt rheum and all other impurities and builds up every organ of the body. Now is the time to take it.

The highest praise has been won by HOOD'S PILLS for their easy, yet efficient action. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents.

Millinery opening show day Tuesday. Latest novelties. Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE
—ON—
Thursday Next AT 11 A. M. AND 7 P. M.
9 Store St., Opp. Railway Station.
THE FOLLOWING GOODS,
Being part of Bankrupt Stock, will be sold:
50 pairs Men's Boots and Shoes, 100 pairs Ladies' Boots, 25 pairs of Misses' and 50 pairs of Children's Boots, 50 pairs Slippers, 75 gross of Ladies' Fancy Buttons, a large assortment of Ladies' and Children's Whitewear, Gents' Pants, Overalls, Top and Under Shirts, Blouses, Jackets, Neckties, &c.
15 cases of Coal Oil, 1 Incubator, &c.
A. WILLIAMS.
ap18-3t

JUNCTION TOWN SITE
I am instructed to sell
BY PRIVATE SALE
Junction Town Site, situated nearly in the middle of Comox, on the main road, where the churches and schools are situated. The smallest lots are 60x120, with 20 feet alleys in the rear of each lot. This property adjoins the projected line of the Comox Railway.
The lots will be sold to suit all parties, one or more at $10 per lot, and corner lots $15 each. Terms cash. Deeds at purchaser's expense. Apply to
W. R. CLARKE,
ALLAN DUMBLETON, Esq., Barrister-at-law, Langley Street. ap17

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.
(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.).
ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL
(Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes). (Steam Fuel).
THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL
House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.
THE "SOUTH FIELD COAL" is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.
THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.
The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.
SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.
Dec. 30.

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VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MIL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

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Chronometers rated by Transit Observations.
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Printer and Binder.
77 Johnson Street.

Are You In It?
The best investment a business man can make is a judicious expenditure in newspaper advertising. It is better than real estate. If only a small ad. is wanted try a card in this column.

LEGAL NOTICES.

A CORRECTION.

To the Editor: An advertisement appears in your columns which does us and many others a great injustice. I refer to that of Ross, McLaren & Co. re the townsite of Duluth. None of the land referred to in the advertisement is in any way conected with the townsite of Duluth. Our land, as well as any other that has been platted or added to Duluth is ours in fee simple by virtue of a crown grant issued two years ago, and the title is indisputable.

Very respectfully,
KING & CASEY.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

In pursuance of the "Creditors Trust Deeds Act, 1890," notice is hereby given that Thomas Russell, of 27 Ellis street, in the city of Victoria, British Columbia, accountant, has assigned all his real and personal property to William Wilson, of Government street, in the city of Victoria, and residing at Pemberton road, in the city of Victoria, clothier, and James Burns, of Beacon Cottage, Beacon Hill, in the city of Victoria, British Columbia, commission merchant, in trust for the purpose of paying and satisfying proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Thomas Russell. The said deed was executed by the said assignor and trustees on the 22nd day of March, 1893, and the assignees have undertaken the trusts created by the said deed.

Dated 22nd March, 1893.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley street, Victoria,
Solicitor for the Assignees.
March 24-1m

William Eckert, Deceased:

NOTICE.—All persons having claims or demands against the estate of William Eckert, late of Yates street, in the city of Victoria, grocer, deceased, are hereby required to send in particulars of their claims and demands on or before the 30th day of April next, to Simon Leiser, of the city of Victoria, merchant, attorney-in-fact for me the administratrix, by virtue of letters of administration granted to me by the Supreme Court of British Columbia on the 8th day of February, 1893.

And notice is hereby also given that after such 30th day of April next I shall proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which I shall then have notice.

Dated this 25th day of March, 1893.

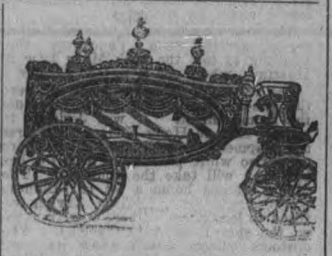
ELIZA A. ECKERT,
Administratrix of the said deceased.
March 27-1m.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY,
m29-tf 55 Third street, Victoria

TENDERS

Will be received until May 1st for purchase of four lots, all under cultivation, each 60x120 ft., on Alpha and Beta Sts., off Burnside Road; including new house, stable, work shop, summer-house and 20 fruit trees. Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
Tenders to H. R. SELLICK, on premises.
mar25-1m



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Government street, Victoria.

THOS. SPENCE,
Notary Public and Land Agent
KELOWNA
Okanagan Mission, B.C.
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No Alkalies
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Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. BAKER & CO.'S
BreakfastCocoa
which is absolutely pure and soluble.
It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

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Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
931 Douglas Street.

Kaslo
I will leave for Kaslo on or about April 18, for the purpose of opening an office in the Real Estate and Insurance business.
I would be glad to have any one wishing to sell their property to list the same with me.
Acreage platted into Lots and thus sold for owner.
Information cheerfully given to intended buyers.
D. G. WILLIAMS,
104 Yates Street.
Victoria, April 10th, 1893. 1m

WING ON,
Pioneer Grocer and Provision Dealer
INTELLIGENCE BUREAU—All kinds of Chinese help furnished.
20 Cormorant St., VICTORIA, B.C.
ap6 2m

NOTICE.
I will not be responsible for any debts contracted on and after this date without my written order.
F. WARREN,
Victoria April 3rd, 1893. ap2 1m

CONTESTED WILL CASE.

Interesting Proceedings This Afternoon —Not Finished Yet.

The hearing of witnesses for the defence was continued yesterday after the Times had gone to press.

Dr. Milne, cross-examined by the Attorney-General—Believe that it was Mr. Barrett who called for me; and may have told him on Monday before he was removed that the clock was well-nigh run down. The old man was very feble and very deaf. I judge he was in his fair senses through talking with him on his ailments. Mr. Kirsop came to the office and told me that they wanted him removed to the hospital or McBeath's, and wished me to try and persuade him to go. When I went to Adams' house on Tuesday he had made up his mind to go. I told him that it was the best thing to do and then he at once assented. Kept no memorandum of his condition from day to day, and there is nothing in my book to indicate his bodily or mental condition. Deceased was not allowed to sit up owing to the condition of his heart; I could readily persuade him to do what I wanted done. Remember R. T. Williams and Kirsop coming to my office to inquire whether Adams was capable of making a will. In evidence given to-day I have spoken entirely from memory. Do not remember telling them that the most important thing about the will was that if Adams did not read it it had to be read over to him. Do not remember asking them if Adams knew the will when he signed it. Do not remember asking them who signed it. The first I heard of a will was the day after Adams died when McBath told me a will had been made by Mr. Hall. If I had been consulted at the time as to his testamentary capacity, I would have entered into conversation with him to remove doubts, and would have ascertained further than I did. A man might be incapable of making a will even if he was perfectly sane. It sometimes happens that a man's condition physically may make him so weak that he can be easily persuaded to do anything.

Q.—If you had been told that he was going to make a will and had been consulted as to his testamentary capacity, would you have made a further examination? 1

A.—As to his physical condition I would not as I believe he was, as far as that was concerned, quite capable. I would have inquired into his mental capacity of course.

Redirect by Mr. Bodwell—Did not think there was anything in his physical capacity to call for inquiry as to his mental condition. The same general inquiry might be instituted by me, if requested to do so, with respect to any person in this court.

Mrs. McBeath, sworn, said she was the wife of the defendant. Witness then corroborated the evidence of her husband as to their relations with the old man, the making of the will, and his physical and mental condition. Admitted the conversation with Mrs. Noble on the Sunday before the death of Adams; said she told Mrs. Noble there was no will because she did not think it any of her business to ask. Went six different times to see the old man in 1891.

Isaac Modeland, being sworn, gave evidence almost identical with that of Mr. and Mrs. McBeath and Mr. Hall. His direct examination was concluded at 6 o'clock, when the court adjourned until 11 o'clock to-day.

TO-DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The court room was crowded with interested spectators long before the time appointed for the opening.

Isaac Modeland, cross-examined by the Attorney-General—Am living at present at Mr. McBeath's; my wife is there too; am a brother-in-law of defendant; came here in 1883 after Mr McBeath married my sister; lived then with Mr. McBeath; was then acquainted with Samuel Adams and visited him whenever I found it convenient; this lasted till I returned next year; he used to come down to see them often; I again returned to Victoria in 1889; he was glad to see me every time I called; I never saw any person else at Adams' on any occasion; I brought my sister out, but can't remember the date; I know I stayed at McBeath for two years; I went back east in 1891 before Adams died; got married and started right back to Victoria; do not know exactly when I got married, but it was in March; remained in Victoria till March 1892; and again returned about two weeks ago; know that McBeath visited Adams because I went with him, but I do not know how often; never heard Adams says he intended to come and live with McBeath; heard Mrs McBeath say so a short time before he took sick; it was not said by her in 1883, but will not swear that she did not say it in 1886, as I kept no track of the time; heard Adams was coming to live at McBeath's a short time before he took sick; they made no preparation for him; heard Adams say he intended to leave whatever he had to McBeath; he used to say this once in a while, but don't recollect the first occasion; if McBeath says he promised it in 1883 he is right; Adams said this nearly every time he visited, but never said how much he was to leave; I have heard Mr. McBeath talk about the promise in his own house; and it was generally understood that he was to get all; I judged of this from the way the old man talked; I heard him mention his sister; I heard him promise McBeath after his sister died; don't know when she died or whether he spoke of her before or after she died.

When we went to see Adams he used to talk about different things, his travels, etc. He wanted to go to McBeath's because he was getting old; he had been talking this way for years; never heard him mention Sir John Macdonald as to his age; he did not come to live till the last because I supposed he pleased himself; I did not know Adams was at McBeath's till I saw him there on November 10th; I knew this because I was working on the boat and came home; he ate heartily and was in good spirits; did not hear the doctor had pronounced it a serious case; next day (Wednesday) came home after 6 o'clock; found Adams in bed and the rest of the folks in the house; the doctor was not there; Mr. Hall and McBeath came after I got home; Mr. Hall went into the bed-room; I was in the kitchen with Mrs. McBeath and Mrs. Modeland; the door was open; heard Mr. Hall read a document over; I was in the bed-room when he was reading; I was called in by Mr. McBeath. Mr. Hall said to Adams, "Do you hear me read?" The old man was a little deaf. On the evening of the 10th Adams recognized me and called me by name and said, "I am very sick;" he was then in bed.

Q.—Did Mr. Hall say to Adams, "Are you well satisfied with the will?"

A.—No, Mr. Hall had nothing to do with it; it was Adams who said he was satisfied after the will was read; he also said, "This should have been done long ago," "There is money in the drawer, pay that gentleman."

Q.—"Was anything else said?"

A.—After a long pause—"I don't remember exactly what did come."

Q.—Was anything else said?"

A.—"Yes, he asked me to sign the will."

Q.—"Was anything else said?"

A.—"Yes, I want the will drawn in McBeath's favor."

I am sure it was Adams who asked me to witness it; am positive that it was not Mr. Hall.

Q.—"Did Mr. Hall ask any questions of the sick man?"

A.—"No, he merely read the will, signed it and handed it to me to sign. He asked, "Are you satisfied?"

During this time the old man looked very well; he ate freely and took all the nourishment I offered him; I observed a change within a short time of his death, about 36 hours before. He seemed to be very well up to that; and only complained of being stiff and sore; the doctor did not, so far as I know, say he was liable to go off at any moment; when he made his will I was sure he would get better; I hoped so, for he was a fine old man; when I sat up with him we used to sleep occasionally; he always recognized people; he did not complain of a headache all the time; I was with him when he died.

Q.—When did you make up your mind that he was going to die?

A.—I told him on the Sunday previous that he was going to die; it was about midnight; he was an old man and I did not want to tell him a lie.

I went up to the property on View street some time after the old man died; I found the books and papers produced. At the funeral I was in the same carriage with Mr. Moffat and another man.

Q.—Do you remember if Mr. Moffat asked if Adams made a will?

A.—I do not. I swear he did not.

Q.—Do you remember Mr. Moffat asking when he made the will?

A.—No, sir.

Q.—Do you remember Mr. Moffat asking, "Was he capabe of making a will?"

A.—No, sir.

Mrs. Modeland gave evidence and the court adjourned until 3:30.

MARSHALL'S MURDER.

Official Investigation Progressing—The Steel Bridge Across the Fraser.

New Westminster, April 20.—This morning Governor Moresby received word of murder committed at Huntington, B.C., last night or early this morning. J. Marshall, the murdered man, was a rancher, and was found lying on his doorstep with a bullet wound from a revolver in the back of his head. Mr. Moresby and Captain Pittendrigh, coroner, have gone up to investigate.

The cricket club elected the following officers:—President, G. D. Brymner; first vice-president, C. E. Woods; second vice-president, J. S. Clute, jr.; treas., A. J. Byrne, secy., Geo. R. Raymond; committee, Clinton, Vidal, E. O. Malins, Blomfield, Dockrill, E. B. May and Rev. P. Woods.

Blue prints of the proposed bridge are now in the city hall, showing a handsome structure, 2150 feet in length, six spans, with a long approach from the south side to deep water. There will be 100 feet clear on each side of the draw, in 31 feet of water at low tide.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

There has been no eastern mail for two days.

Court Vancouver A. O. F. is getting up a social for next week.

The executive committee having in hand the coming assault-at-arms will meet at the Market Hall this evening.

—Alex. Gant and Thomas Monterey will appear in the police court on Friday morning in answer to summonses for cruelty to animals.

—The teachers and pupils of the Conservatory of Music will give a concert in Institute Hall to-morrow evening. A very fine programme will be presented.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled

The steamer Barbara Boscowitz arrived from the north last evening. She leaves again on Saturday.

The tug Comet, Capt. James Christtensen, arrived from Vancouver this morning to tow the bark Mary Low to Hastings, where she is to load lumber.

The steamship Mogul will not call here this time. She left for sea to-day from the Sound direct. It was desired to get her back to Hong Kong for the first tea shipments of the season. There were two white passengers here for her but they will take the Empress. The Mogul carries home a lot of Chinese passengers, Collector Wilson having refused to land them. There was trouble on the ship Tuesday at Tacoma. The customs officers would allow no one aboard, and when her first officer brought two friends on he got in a fight with Inspector Coblentz. The latter pulled a gun and shoved it into the officer's mouth, threatening at the same time to fire. He gained his point, but subsequently the objectionable order was revoked.

RESCUED FROM DROWNING.

Narrow Escape of Two Sailors — Last Night's Fire.

Nanaimo, April 20.—The damage done by the fire in Sauto's last night was not very great. The stock of flour, feed, oats, etc., in the cellar was all spoilt between the fire and water. The building was insured in the Phoenix Company of London for $900, and the stock in the London and Canadian Fire Insurance Co. for $5000. The cause of the fire is still unknown.

Sergt. Gibbs and J. Gilligan rescued two sailors from a watery grave yesterday morning. Both were drunk, and in trying to get to their vessel they capsized. The two were nearly exhausted when the timely assistance of their rescuers reached them.

The Princess Louise came in from the north yesterday and brought a large consignment of oolachans for A. R. Johnston and Co. After taking coal she left for Victoria.

When you're languid and dull in the spring of the year,
When stomach and liver are all out of gear,
When you're stupid at morn and feverish at night,
And nothing gives relish and nothing goes right,
Don't try any nostrum, elixir, or pill,—
"Golden Medical Discovery" just fills the bill.

The surest and best of all remedies for all disorders of the liver, stomach and blood, is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

Sun

Sun shades, sun bonnets, sun hats, at Russell and McDonald's.

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

BIRTH.

TRAINOR—In this city, on the 19th inst., the wife of A. C. Trainor, of a daughter.

DIED.

MACDONALD—On the 20th instant, William McLeod Macdonald, a native of Inverness, Scotland, aged 56 years.

The funeral will take place on Saturday, at half past two o'clock, from the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital. Friends will please accept this intimation.

Millinery.

At Russell and McDonald's, 134 Douglas street.

Tamilkande Tea is the best.

Good Cabinet Photos
—ONLY—
$2 PER DOZEN,
At JONES' Studio,
60 Yates Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

To Gardeners and Others.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

A large variety of Lawn Rollers, single and double, wood and iron; Garden Wheelbarrow, best in the market; a lot of Garden Rakes. All the above are our own manufacture. Also a few tons of large sized Bolts, at the Ontario Wagon Shop, 82 Johnson St.
ap20-3t WILLIAM POWELL.

Grand Bazaar
—AND—
CONCERT
Will be given by
The Hebrew Ladies' Association,
In aid of the Building Fund, at their New Hall, Blanchard Street,
On May 2nd & 3rd
An Excellent Musical Programme During Each Day.
CONCERT on both evenings, commencing at 8 o'clock.
Admission, 25c., afternoon.
Children, 10c., do.
Refreshments, 25c. ap20-td

Municipal.

TAX ON DOGS.

Owners of Dogs are requested to take notice that the tax for the year 1893 on every dog within the City of Victoria is now due. The Provision of the Pound By-Law and the Revenue By-Law, 1889, will be enforced with respect to any such tax remaining unpaid from this date.

CHAS. KENT,
Collector.

Victoria, B.C., City Collector's Office, City Hall, April 20th, 1893.

—THE—
Stanley House
GENERAL DRY GOODS
55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST.,
COR. OF FORT ST.

JUST OPENED OUT A FULL RANGE OF
Morley's
CELEBRATED
Hosiery
COTTON, CASHMERE, ETC.. LISLE, SILK, ETC.,
Including all sizes in Girls' and Boys' 6 and 8 fold knees and heels.

ALSO A VERY SPECIAL LINE OF
10 Doz. Jersey Suits,
All sizes and colors, at $250 Each. See these! They are worth a lot more.

W. S. Hampson & Co.

FOR THE NORTH
The Steamer
BARBARA BOSCOWITZ
—WILL SAIL ON—
SATURDAY, April 22nd,
AT 6 P. M.
From Porter's Wharf for Fort Simpson, Naas and way ports.
For freight or passage apply to
CAPT. J. D. WARREN
ap20-td 22 Trounce Avenue.

C. P. N. CO., LD., STEAMER
Princess Louise
ROBERTS, MASTER.
Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf
—FOR—
Naas and Way Ports
MONDAY, April 24th,
At 6 o'clock p.m.
For freight or passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf Street.
The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time, without notification.
JOHN IRVING,
ap20-td Manager.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA
Derby Sweepstakes
To be decided by the result of the ENGLISH DERBY, run at Epsom, May 21st, 1893. (241 Horses Entered).
$20,000,
Divided as follows:
First Horse $10,0000.00
Second Horse 3,0 0.00
Third Horse 2,000.00
$2,500 among Starters and $2,500 among Non-Starters.
10 per cent. deducted from all prizes.
Tickets entitling the subscribers to one chance in the Sweepstakes, price $2.00, can be obtained at all leading hotels and saloons, or directly from W. R. Jackson, Box 372 Delmonico Hotel, Victoria, B. C., or W. G. Stevens, Box 283, Pioneer Bodega, Victoria, B.C.
The Drawing will take place at the Delmonico Hotel, Victoria, B.C., on 29th May, 1893.
The most reliable manner of forwarding subscriptions to the Sweepstakes is by Postal Order.
Copies of the drawing will be sent to all local Agents, and a full list of the numbers drawn will be published in the principal papers of Canada and the United States of May 30th, 1893.
GUARANTEED TO FILL. ap20-1m

No. 190.

A BY-LAW

For the appointment of a Commissioner or Commissioners of Sewers.

Whereas it is advisable to appoint a Commissioner or Commissioners to superintend sewerage and to define his or their duties;

Therefore be it enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria:

Section 1. The Council may appoint by resolution one or more persons (not however exceeding three in all) to be Commissioner or Commissioners to manage and superintend the construction of sewerage work.

Section 2. The said Commissioner or Commissioners shall be appointed by the Council of the said Corporation, and shall hold office only at the pleasure of the Council, and for the period prescribed and limited in and otherwise undr and subject to sub-section 98 of section 104 of the Municipal Act, 1892.

COMMISSIONERS' DUTIES.

Section 3. The duty of the said Commissioner or Commissioners shall be:

(a) To perform the duties devolving upon the Sewerage Commissioners under the agreement made the 20th day of December, 1890, between Alexander McBean and the Corporation of the City of Victoria, and under the sewerage contract No. 1.

(b) To examine all accounts and claims in respect of the above mentioned agreement and contract, and to report thereon to the Municipal Council.

(c) To sign all cheques drawn in respect of accounts and claims connected with the above mentioned agreement and contract.

(d) To sign cheques (subject to the conditions of sub-section c hereof) for drawing out the funds now standing to the credit of the corporation under the sewerage loan fund (by-law 1890) or sewerage special deposit account, being the balance of the money obtained under the sewerage loan by-law, 1890, and the accrued interest thereon.

(e) To settle all disputes which may from time to time arise between the Chief Engineer, the Engineer, Inspector or Inspectors or others and the contractor (McMcBean) in connection with the sewerage work.

Section 3. The Mayor of the City of Victoria is hereby authorized to countersign cheques drawn by the Sewerage Commissioner or Sewerage Commissioners.

No cheques shall be paid at the bank which has not got the Mayor's signature thereon.

This by-law may be cited as the Sewer Commissioners' By-Law, 1893.

Passed the Municipal Council on the 17th day of April, 1893. Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council the 19th day of April, 1893.

(L. S.) ROBERT BEAVEN,
Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
Clerk Municipal Council.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 19th day of April, 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that any one desirous of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof quashed must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard on that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

CHEAP TEETH.

For sixty days my improved Artificial Teeth for nearly one half the usual price. Dentistry in all its branches and latest method, at the New York Dental Parlor, 75½ Government street. fe24-tf

Use German Magic Pile Cure.

DULUTH
THE DIVISIONAL TERMINUS OF THE CANADA WESTERN RAILWAY, AT DUNCAN'S BAY, VANCOUVER ISLAND.
Duluth has been officially announced to be the Terminus as above.
The first call of $100,000 on the Railway Stock has been fully paid up
The Lots owned by the Railway Company in Duluth are not for sale.
PRICES OF LOTS range from $75 to $750.
TERMS---One-third Cash, one-third in six months, one-third in twelve months Interest on deferred payments.
For particulars apply to
F. C. RICHARDS, Jr., No. 51 Yates St.

The HIGHEST Quality
The LOWEST Prices.
The E. B. EDDY Co.
Call your attention to their stock of Manilla, Brown Wrapping, News, Prints, Tissues, Drug, Tea, Toilet and other
...PAPER...
Of the Best Quality and at the Lowest Possible Mill Prices.
VICTORIA AGENT: JAMES MITCHELL, 100 Gov't St.
MAMMOTH WORKS: HULL, CANADA.

THE VERY BEST GOODS IN THE MARKET FOR THE LEAST MONEY
CAN BE HAD AT
McCALLUM'S,
42 Broad Street.

GENTLEMEN,—
I am now prepared to show you for Spring and Summer wear such a complete range of choice Suiting Materials bought from the most noted manufacturers, that they must be seen to be appreciated. English, Scotch and Irish Worsteds, Serges and Tweeds. **I have them all,** and all of the finest grades.
English Serge and Tweed Suitings, $32, $34, $36.
English Fancy Diagonal Worsteds, $35, $37, $38.
Scotch "Cheviots" and "Bannockburns," $25, $28, $30, $32, $34.
Irish Tweeds and Serges, $28, $30, $33, $36.
Trouserings from $5 up, and made to order while waiting.
High class and clean, honest work with above prices. Distances competition. More particularly when I don't want your money if **fit, finish and elegance in style** don't make you feel like a new man, ready to shake hands with yourself.
Place your orders early with
JOHN McCALLUM,
The Fashionable Tailor,
42 Broad Street.

JUST RECEIVED
OOLACHANS
FULL ROED.
THIS SEASON'S.
FROM NAAS RIVER
This delicious fish is just to hand, and packed in small packages suitable for family trade.
For sale by
HENRY SAUNDERS.

Just arrived from England a large consignment of Extra Fine
WALL PAPER
ALSO TWO PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES, of 30 and 60 horsepower, with patent expanding gear, extra wearing parts, extra large fire boxes, and all other patent attachments. Also
A General Line of Hardware,
Fine Assortment of Glass, Paints, and Special Line of Enamelled Ware and Hollow Ware, to be found at
STORE OPPOSITE LELAND HOUSE, DOUGLAS ST.